



# Converter guidelines

## The ID. Buzz (from model year 2022)



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# List of abbreviations

BB .....	Bodybuilder
CAN.....	Controller Area Network (standardised vehicle communication system)
CFCU.....	Customer-specific control unit
CoC .....	Certificate of Conformity
erWin.....	Electronic repair and workshop information from Volkswagen AG
UNECE .....	United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
WLTP .....	Worldwide Harmonized Light-Duty Vehicles Test Procedure

# 1 General information

## 1.1 Introduction

These converter guidelines provide converters with important technical information which must be complied with when planning and manufacturing a body for road safety and operational reliability. The add-on, body, installation or conversion work required for this is referred to below as "body activities".

Due to the vast number of converters and types of bodies, it is not possible for Volkswagen AG to predict all possible modifications which can occur due to the body activities, e.g. with regard to vehicle handling, stability, weight distribution, centre of gravity of the vehicle and its handling characteristics. Therefore, Volkswagen AG does not accept any liability for accidents or injuries arising from modifications of this kind made to its vehicles, especially if the changes have a negative effect on the vehicle as a whole. As a result, Volkswagen AG only accepts liability for its own design, production and instruction services. The converter itself is obliged to ensure that its body activities are not faulty in themselves, and also that they cannot result in faults or dangers on the vehicle as a whole. The converter must also ensure the conformity of the body activities with the respective and applicable laws (in particular approval and registration processes). The converter itself is liable in the event that this obligation is violated.

These converter guidelines are intended for professional converters. As a result, these converter guidelines assume corresponding background knowledge. Note that some work (e.g. welding on load-bearing parts) is only allowed to be performed by appropriately qualified personnel. This requirement exists in order to avoid risks of injury and to achieve the quality needed in the body activities.

### 1.1.1 Concept of this Owner's Manual

The following converter guidelines are divided into eight chapters so that you can find information rapidly:

1. Introduction
2. Technical data for planning
3. Modifications to closed bodies
4. Implementations of special bodies
5. Technical data
6. Weights (masses)
7. Notes on homologation of equipping and conversions
8. Listings

#### Information

For more information, see [chapter 1.2.1.1 "Contact in Germany"](#) and [chapter 1.2.2 "Body builder guidelines, consulting"](#).

It is essential that the limit values selected in [chapter 2 "Technical data for planning"](#) are complied with and are used as the basis for planning.

### 1.1.2 Means of representation

The following means of representation are used in these converter guidelines:

#### Warning note

A danger note draws your attention to possible accident or injury risks to which you or other persons might be exposed.

#### Environmental note

An environmental note provides you with information about environmental protection.

#### Practical note

This note draws your attention to the risk of possible damage to the vehicle, as well as to regulations and provisions to be observed.

#### Information

This note indicates additional information.

### 1.1.3 Vehicle safety

#### Warning note

Before assembling external bodies or power units, it is essential that you read the chapters in these converter guidelines that are related to installation, as well as corresponding chapters in the instructions and information for the suppliers' power units and in the detailed Owner's Manual for the basic vehicle. Otherwise you will not be able to recognise dangers, and might expose yourself or others to danger.

We recommend that you use parts, power units, conversion parts or accessories that have been tested by Volkswagen AG for the corresponding vehicle type. Have the vehicle's safety checked immediately if non-recommended parts, power units, conversion parts or accessories are used.



**Warning note**

Special safety notes must be observed when working on electric vehicles. Failure to observe safety notes can result in a fatal electric shock.

**Information**

The required safety notes can be requested. Please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for body builders"](#)).

**Practical note**

It is essential that you comply with European vehicle approval or UNECE R regulations, as well as national registration regulations and also technical vehicle regulations. This is because body activities on the vehicle can alter the vehicle type under registration regulations and the operating permit may be invalidated.

This applies in particular to:

- Modifications which change the vehicle type approved in the operating permit
- Modifications which might be expected to endanger road users
- Modifications which impair the noise characteristics

#### 1.1.4 Operational safety

##### Warning note

Incorrect interventions in electronic components and their software may result in these no longer functioning. Due to the networking of electronics, systems that were not modified can be affected.

Malfunctions to the electronics can significantly impair the operational safety of the vehicle.

Work on or modifications to electronic components must be performed by a qualified specialist workshop that has the required specialist knowledge and tools to perform the necessary work.

Volkswagen AG recommends a Volkswagen AG customer service workshop for this purpose.

Service by a qualified specialist workshop is essential, in particular for safety-relevant work and work on safety-relevant systems.

Some safety systems only operate when the engine is running. Therefore, do not switch the engine off when driving.

#### 1.1.5 Note on copyright

The texts, pictures and data contained in these converter guidelines are subject to copyright. This also applies to editions on CD-ROM, DVD or other media.

## 1.2 General information

The following pages contain technical guidelines for converters and equipment fitters on the design and assembly of bodies. The converter guidelines must be strictly adhered to when performing any modifications to the vehicle. The current version of the German edition of the converter guidelines is the exclusive authority for the most up-to-date information.

This also applies to legal claims. Should the converter guidelines include references to legal regulations, then no guarantee can be provided for the completeness and correctness of this content, or that it is up-to-date. Country-specific features can vary.

### 1.2.1 Product and vehicle information for converter

#### 1.2.1.1 Contact in Germany

If you have questions concerning vehicle models from Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles, you can contact us via the internet portals of Volkswagen AG ([www.customized-solution.com](http://www.customized-solution.com)) or via one of the following methods:

<b>Free hotline (from a German landline)</b>	00 800-2878 66 49 33 (00 800-CUSTOMIZED)
<b>Contact (email)</b>	<a href="mailto:customizedsolution@volkswagen.de">customizedsolution@volkswagen.de</a>
<b>Personal contacts</b>	<a href="https://www.customized-solution.com/de/de/service-informationen/kundenbetreuung">https://www.customized-solution.com/de/de/service-informationen/kundenbetreuung</a>

#### 1.2.1.2 International contact

Please contact the converter's support personnel at the responsible importer for technical advice relating to Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles models and as a point of contact for conversions.

To find the contact person responsible for you, please register on the Volkswagen AG Customized Solution portal (<https://www.customized-solution.com>).

Help is available for the registration option using the "Help" menu option.

<b>International hotline</b>	00-800-2878 66 49 33 (00-800-CUSTOMIZED)
<b>Email</b>	<a href="mailto:customizedsolution@volkswagen.de">customizedsolution@volkswagen.de</a>
<b>Personal contacts</b>	<a href="https://www.customized-solution.com/en/en/service-information/customer-care">https://www.customized-solution.com/en/en/service-information/customer-care</a>

### 1.2.1.3 Electronic repair and workshop information from Volkswagen AG (erWin\*)

Body builders can access repair and workshop information, e.g.:

- Current flow diagrams
- Workshop Manuals
- Maintenance
- Self-study Programmes

via the Electronic Repair and Workshop Information System from Volkswagen AG (erWin\*).

<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

Converters with Integrated or Premium Partner status are eligible for discounted annual licences that can be requested in the Customized Solution portal under My Customized Solution portal / Requirements / Planning and Development.

For exporting, converters with Partner status receive information in this regard from their point of contact at the importer.

\*Information system, subject to payment

### 1.2.1.4 Genuine Parts Online Ordering Portal\*

For the purchase of spare parts and for the research of Volkswagen Genuine Parts, our latest parts catalogues are available on the Internet in the "Genuine Parts Online Ordering Portal":

<http://www.partslink24.com>

\*Information system, subject to payment

### 1.2.1.5 Online Owner's Manual

Detailed information about the functions and handling of your vehicle can be found in your Owner's Manual which is enclosed with your vehicle ex-works. In addition to the hard copy of the Owner's Manual, the following link and VIN (*vehicle identification number*) of the vehicle can be used to receive the Owner's Manual in electronic form.

[https://userguide.volkswagen.de/public/vin/login/de\\_DE](https://userguide.volkswagen.de/public/vin/login/de_DE)

### 1.2.1.6 European Type Approval (ETA) and EC Certificate of Conformity (CoC)

Directive (EU) 2018/858 of the European Parliament establishes the standard for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles.

Provisions were also adopted in these guidelines for the approval of vehicles produced in several stages: the multi-stage approval process. Accordingly, each manufacturer involved in the construction of a vehicle is itself responsible for the approval of modified or added scopes in its production stage.

The manufacturer may choose one of the four following methods:

- EU type approval (ETA)
- EU type approval for small series
- National small series type approval
- Individual approval

CoC = Certificate of Conformity. A document that verifies the conformity of certain goods – and therefore also of vehicles and bodies – in accordance with the recognised (international) standards. The purpose of this EC Certificate of Conformity is to facilitate the approval of goods on international markets. As a result, the document is needed above all in import and export as part of the customs clearance procedure.

The manufacturer, the owner of an EU type approval or EU small series type approval, is obliged to provide a Certificate of Conformity with every vehicle which corresponds to an approved type. If you are planning to apply multi-stage type approval, an agreement must be concluded in accordance with the 2018/858/EU regulation.

#### **1.2.1.7 Worldwide Harmonized Light-Duty Vehicles Test Procedure (WLTP)**

New consumption values/ranges calculated in accordance with the new WLTP standards apply from September 2017 for new passenger cars entering the market and from September 2018 for new light commercial vehicles entering the market.

As of 1 September 2018, certified WLTP measurements must be available for all newly registered passenger cars. The rule enters into force for larger light commercial vehicles one year later on 1 September 2019. In Europe, 28+ 6 markets are affected by the WLTP.

WLTP stands for Worldwide Harmonised Light Vehicles Test Procedure. This is a worldwide standardised testing procedure for determining fuel consumption/electric range and exhaust emissions.

It is replacing the NEDC (New European Driving Cycle) test procedure that has been in force since 1992.

Unlike the NEDC, the WLTP takes into account individual special equipment and conversion solutions for weight, aerodynamics, electrical system requirements (no-load current) and rolling resistance which have an impact on the fuel consumption/electric range and exhaust emissions. This includes, in particular, modifications that result in a larger end face, a different radiator inflow area, a higher kerb weight for the vehicle or changes to the tyre size or the rolling resistance. Special equipment that consumes power, such as the air conditioning system or seat heating, still remains switched off for the duration of the test procedure. Before initial approval, conversions or add-ons where WLTP is relevant can be made if they are approved by way of an individual approval or multi-stage type approval.

The Volkswagen type approval can be used for the multi-stage type approval for vehicles with conversions or add-ons that remain within the ISC parameters/maximum technical specifications for bodies. If the body or conversion is outside the ISC parameters/maximum technical specifications defined by the manufacturer for bodies, the converter must demonstrate compliance with the exhaust gas emissions requirements/electric range.

Information about the ISC parameters/maximum technical specifications for add-on parts can be found on the Volkswagen CustomizedSolution portal. Please ask your technical service/test centre for advice if you have questions about alternatives.

To determine the consumption values of converted new vehicles in compliance with the WLTP procedure and to obtain a WLTP certification, the "WLTP Conversion Calculator" is available to you.

You can find more information as a Registered Converter on the Customized Solution portal/WLTP:

Germany/International: <https://www.customized-solution.com>

### 1.2.1.8 Homologation

#### Amendments to legislation from 1 January 2022 Regulation (EU) 2018/858 EU and national (Art. 44 and Art. 45)

Affected: vehicle class M1, N1

For complete vehicles completed ex works at the OEM, the following applies:

Complete vehicles that have been modified with add-ons/conversions after completion ex works and before initial registration must resubmit CO2/consumption values for the second stage.

These can be identified using the WLTP calculator in accordance with the available homologations.

Options for calculating weight changes are available for vehicles with light-duty approval. The mass in the ready-to-drive state must be taken into account. If individual values are not available for the respective conversion, a type approval can be checked in coordination with the technical service/regulatory authority.

The vehicles are available ex works with full CoC\* and light-duty or heavy-duty approval in accordance with WLTP. The maximum permissible mass after the conversion can be determined using the WLTP calculator. Valid for the approved drive versions (see offer for countries). The values for the maximum vehicle weights depend on the drive/equipment combination of the basic vehicle and the conversion type.

#### Information

For all vehicles for which no values can currently be generated using the WLTP calculator, please contact your responsible technical service department and check whether individual approval or multi-stage type approval is possible.

Further information on this topic can be found in [chapter 7 "Notes on homologation of equipping and conversions"](#).

### 1.2.1.9 Manufacturer's declaration

We issue a manufacturer's declaration for the basic vehicle for the following scopes:

- Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
- Speed/distance signal

Please contact our Customer Care:

[nutzfahrzeuge@volkswagen.de](mailto:nutzfahrzeuge@volkswagen.de)

### 1.2.2 Converter guidelines, consulting

The converter guidelines define the requirements for converters/equipment fitters for construction and assembly of custom body-related parts and conversions for Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles.

The converter guidelines must be strictly adhered to when performing any modifications to the vehicle.

The statutory requirements, technical vehicle regulations and guidelines stated in the Directive are not comprehensive. When making modifications to vehicles, all applicable statutory requirements and all technical vehicle regulations and guidelines must be observed. The work safety regulations of the trade association and the Machinery Directive must be observed.

For all modifications, it must be ensured that the functional safety of all parts of the running gear, the body and the electrical system remains unaffected. Modifications must only be performed by qualified specialists and in accordance with the generally acknowledged rules of the automotive industry.

Prerequisites for modifications to used vehicles:

The vehicle shall be in a good overall condition, i.e. structural parts such as longitudinal and cross members, pillars etc. shall not be corroded to such an extent that structural stability might be adversely affected.

Vehicles whose modifications might affect the validity of the general certificate of roadworthiness must be presented to an authorised testing centre for approval. It is recommended to clarify in advance with the relevant authority whether approval is required. Please contact us in case of inquiries for proposed modifications.

When inquiring about planned modifications, please enclose two sets of design drawings of the complete scope of the modification, including weights, centre of gravity and dimensions, which also clearly show how the body is attached to the chassis. Please also provide information about the intended operating conditions of the vehicle.

If bodies comply with the present converter guidelines, no additional approval by Volkswagen AG is required for the presentation of the vehicle at the relevant authority examining roadworthiness.

#### 1.2.2.1 Letter of non-objection

Volkswagen AG does not issue body approvals for non-Volkswagen bodies. It merely provides converters with important information and technical specifications for dealing with the product in these guidelines. As a result, Volkswagen AG recommends that all work should be carried out on the basic vehicle and the body in accordance with the current Volkswagen converter guidelines applicable to the vehicle in question.

Volkswagen AG does not recommend body activities which

- Are not completed according to these Volkswagen body builder guidelines.
- Exceed the gross vehicle weight rating.
- Exceed the gross axle weight rating.

Volkswagen AG issues letters of non-objection on a voluntary basis, as follows:

The assessment conducted by Volkswagen AG is exclusively based on the documents submitted by the converter who is carrying out the modifications. Only the expressly designated scopes are tested and ensured and essentially compatible.

The safety certificate relates to the presented whole vehicle, and not

- To the design of the overall body,
- Its functions or
- The planned use.

Safety is only provided if the design, production and assembly are carried out by the body builder performing the modifications in accordance with the state of the art and in accordance with the applicable body builder guidelines of Volkswagen AG – and assuming any deviations from these guidelines have been declared to be technically safe. The letter of non-objection does not release the body builder who is performing the modifications from its responsibility for the product, or from its obligation to carry out its own calculations, tests and a trial of the whole vehicle in order to ensure that the operational safety,

road safety and driving properties of the whole vehicle it has manufactured are acceptable. Accordingly, it is necessary to ensure that the converter exclusively accepts its responsibility for ensuring that its body activities are compatible with the basic vehicle as well as the operational and road safety of the vehicle. It is expressly stated that the letter of non-objection from Volkswagen AG does not represent a technical approval for the investigated changes.

In the course of assessment of a presented vehicle, an assessment report is written as a means of obtaining a letter of non-objection (LONO report).

The following assessment results are possible:

- Classified as "safe"  
If the whole vehicle is classified as "safe", the Sales department can subsequently issue the LONO certificate.
- Classified as "not safe"  
Classification as "not safe" in the individual categories:
  - + Basic vehicle configuration
  - + Impairment of the basic vehicle and possibly
  - + Sole body item
 leads to a corresponding classification of the whole vehicle. This means no LONO certificate can be issued initially.

In order for a not-safe classification to be resolved, the LONO report states the necessary modification for each item in question. In order for the letter of non-objection to be obtained, these points will have to be addressed by the converter and documented in a clearly comprehensible manner in a report along the same lines as the LONO report. On the basis of this detailed report, it is possible for the desk-review assessment to be completed with a positive result.

Depending on the defective points, it may be necessary not only to provide documentation of the defect resolution but also for the vehicle from the first inspection to be presented again. The first report indicates if it will be necessary for a new assessment to be carried out on the vehicle.

The assessment report may also contain "notes/recommendations".

Notes/recommendations are technical remarks which do not have any effect on the letter of non-objection. They should be regarded as advice and suggestions for further consideration to support the continuous improvement of the final product for the customer.

In addition, "notes/recommendations solely relating to the conversion" can also be formulated. The notes and recommendations stated as "solely relating to the body/conversion" must be dealt with and documented before the vehicle can be included in the body builder portal.

#### Practical note

Country-specific laws, directives and approval regulations shall be observed!



### 1.2.2.2 Application for the letter of non-objection

Before starting any work on the vehicle, auditable technical documentation and drawings must be submitted to the responsible department as part of the letter of non-objection evaluation (see chapter [1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converter"](#)).

Prompt handling of the request requires:

- Documents preferably in standardised digital formats (e.g. PDF, DXF, STEP)
- Technical data and documentation should be complete

The following details must be included:

- Vehicle type
  - + Vehicle design
  - + Wheelbase
  - + Frame overhang
- Vehicle identification number (if already available)
- Any deviations from these converter guidelines must be indicated on all documentation.
- Axle load calculation
- All data about dimensions, weight and centre of gravity (weighing certificate)
- Special operating conditions (e.g. poor road conditions, extreme dust, high altitude, or ambient temperature extremes)
- Certificates (e-registration, seat tensile test)
- Attachment of the body on the vehicle
- Type of fixation for the body or add-ons to the vehicle frame (e.g. bolted connections)
  - + Positioning
  - + Type
  - + Size
  - + Number
  - + Property class
- Type of fixation for the body or add-ons to the vehicle frame (bolting, bonding, welding)
- Photographic documentation of the conversion
- All documents must clearly correlate with the conversion (e.g. drawings marked with allocated numbers).
- General (functional) description of deviations from the series vehicle, or added components.
- Electric wiring diagram
  - + Details of the consumption of additional electrical equipment.

Complete documentation avoids the need for clarification queries and accelerates the processing.

### 1.2.2.3 Legal entitlements

- There is no legal entitlement for a letter of non-objection to be issued.
- Due to ongoing technical development and the information derived from this, Volkswagen AG is entitled to refuse a letter of non-objection even if a comparable certificate had been issued formerly.
- The letter of non-objection can be restricted to individual vehicles.
- The subsequent issue of a letter of non-objection may be refused for vehicles that have already been completed or delivered.
- The converter is solely responsible for:
  - + The function and compatibility of its body activities with the basic vehicle.
  - + Road safety and operational reliability.
  - + All body activities and installed parts.

### 1.2.3 Warranty and product liability of the converter

UNECE Regulation No. 155 for vehicle cyber security and UNECE Regulation No. 156 for vehicle software updates apply to all new vehicle types from the middle of 2022 and to all new vehicle registrations from the middle of 2024; these contain new requirements for automotive cyber security and updates.

Insofar as modifications are made to the vehicle, the converter shall also ensure that these regulations are applied and complied with. The converter's or equipment fitter's warranty conditions apply to the converter's or equipment fitter's scope of supply.

Therefore, warranty claims associated with complaints to this scope of supply cannot be made under the warranty conditions applicable to Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles.

Defects of bodies, installations and equipping provided by third parties as well as defects of the vehicle caused by the said bodies, installations or conversions are excluded from the Volkswagen warranty and also from the Volkswagen paint and body warranty.

This also applies to accessories which were not installed and/or supplied by the vehicle manufacturer.

The converter or equipment fitter is solely responsible for the design and assembly of bodies and the execution of conversions.

All modifications must be documented by the converter or equipment fitter.

The converter is responsible for ensuring that all modifications it performs comply with the technical vehicle regulations, specifications and standards that apply in the countries of registration.

Due to the multitude of modifications and diversity of operating conditions, the information provided by Volkswagen AG is subject to the reservation that modified vehicles are not tested by Volkswagen AG. Modifications may affect the properties of the vehicle.

For reasons of liability, the converters/equipment fitters must provide the following information in writing to their customers:

"Due to the modifications\* to your Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles basic vehicle, the properties of your basic vehicle may have changed. Please understand that Volkswagen AG does not assume any liability for any negative effects resulting from the modifications\* to the vehicle."

In individual cases, Volkswagen AG reserves the right to demand evidence of the information being passed on to the customer.

No general legal entitlement for the approval of a body modification exists, even if such approval was previously granted.

If bodies comply with the present guidelines, no additional approval by Volkswagen AG is required for the presentation of the vehicle at the relevant authority examining roadworthiness.

\* At this point, the term "modification" may be substituted by a more precise description of the work performed, e.g. by "camping equipment installation", "wheelbase extension".

### 1.2.4 Ensuring traceability

Body dangers only detected after delivery can mean that subsequent measures in the market will be necessary (customer information, warning, call-back). To make these measures as efficient as possible, it is necessary to be able to trace the product after delivery. For this purpose, and in order to be able to use the central vehicle register (CVR) operated by the Federal Motor Transport Authority or comparable registers abroad in order to trace the affected vehicle owners, we strongly recommend that body builders should store the serial number/identification number of their body linked to the vehicle identification number (VIN) of the basic vehicle in their databases. For this purpose, it is also recommended that customers' addresses are stored and that subsequent owners are provided with a means of registration.

### 1.2.5 Badges

VW badges and VW emblems are trademarks of Volkswagen AG. VW badges and VW emblems are not allowed to be removed without authorisation, or to be attached in a different location.

#### 1.2.5.1 Positions on rear of the vehicle

VW badges and VW emblems which are enclosed in the delivery must be fitted in the location intended by Volkswagen.

### 1.2.5.2 Appearance of whole vehicle

If the vehicle does not correspond to the appearance and the quality requirements set by Volkswagen AG, then Volkswagen AG reserves the right to request removal of the Volkswagen AG trademarks.

### 1.2.5.3 Non-Volkswagen trademarks

Non-Volkswagen badges are not allowed to be attached next to Volkswagen badges.

### 1.2.6 Recommendations for vehicle storage

Extended storage times cannot always be avoided. The following measures are recommended to ensure that vehicle quality is not affected by long-term storage:

#### Carry out the following when the vehicle is delivered:

- Check on a weekly basis for aggressive deposits (e.g. bird droppings, industrial deposits) and clean if necessary.
- 12-V battery: Determine the SOC\* and, if necessary, complete the battery care programme (see the instructions "Carry out no later than every three months").
- High-voltage battery: Read the state of charge in the instrument cluster.  
If the charging indicator is in the red area. This means:  $\leq 10\%$  or  $< 1/4$  or  $< 50$  km (depending on the display).  
Charge the high-voltage battery until the display shows a maximum of half full.
- Set the tyre pressure to 3.4 bar (not the spare wheel).
- Open all front air outlets in the dash panel, set the blower to maximum and run for one minute.
- Remove any paper and other objects from the storage compartments and surfaces in the vehicle interior (dash panel, seats, luggage space) except for items that serve to protect the surfaces.
- If fitted, roll in the luggage compartment cover and the sun blinds.
- In addition, for new vehicles: Correct the position of the transport protective hoods if necessary.
- Record the date of delivery as a reference for all vehicle care measures.

\*State of Charge

Carry out after no longer than six weeks:

- For vehicles stored without a solar panel:  
Battery care programme (see "Carry out after no longer than three months").  
Do not disconnect the battery to do so!

Carry out after no longer than three months:

- Carry out braking to remove disc rust.  
When storing vehicles without solar panels: Complete the battery care programme.  
Do not disconnect the battery to do so!
- No battery status display in the dash panel insert:  
Measure the open-circuit voltage of the 12 V battery two hours after the last electrical equipment was active.
  - a) At an open-circuit voltage between 11.6 V and 12.5 V: Fully charge immediately.
  - b) If the open-circuit voltage is  $< 11.6$  V: Mark and fully charge the defective battery.
- The totally discharged battery must be replaced before the vehicle is handed over to the customer.

**Practical note**

To determine the exact residual capacity of the 12 V battery, please proceed in accordance with the test conditions in the Workshop Manual.

Carry out after no longer than six months:

- For vehicles stored with a solar panel:  
Carry out the battery maintenance programme (see "Carry out after no longer than three months").  
Do not disconnect the battery!

**External charging**

Fig. 1: Jump-start connection

- 1 - External charging connection for low-voltage on-board power supply, positive terminal
- 2 - External charging connection for low-voltage on-board power supply, negative terminal

**Warning note**

Attention! No external starting support or starting aid.  
Only use battery chargers or boosters with a maximum of 50 amps!

**Information**

You can find further information about vehicle storage in the following documents:

- Owner's Manual
- Vehicle care programme

### 1.2.7 Compliance with environmental rules and regulations

#### Environmental note

The following principles of environmentally friendly design and material selection should be followed right from the planning stage of add-ons or bodies, and the statutory requirements in the EU Directive on End-of-Life Vehicles 2000/53/EC should also be taken into account.

The converter is responsible for ensuring that all modifications it performs comply with the environmental regulations, specifications and standards that apply in the countries of registration and sale. These may go beyond the existing prerequisites of the basic vehicle and are the responsibility of the converter.

The converter must ensure that add-ons and bodies (conversions) comply with all applicable environmental rules and regulations, especially, but not only, EU directive 2000/53/EC concerning end-of-life vehicles and the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations ("low flammability" and certain flame-retardant agents).

The registered keeper must keep all assembly documentation concerning the modification and, in the event of the vehicle being scrapped, hand it over together with the vehicle to the dismantler. This ensures that modified vehicles are processed in compliance with environmental rules and regulations at the end of their life cycle.

Materials which represent a potential risk such as halogen additives, heavy metals, asbestos, CFCs and chlorinated hydrocarbons shall be avoided.

- EU Directive 2000/53/EC must be adhered to.
- Preferably, materials which allow valuable substance recycling and closed material cycles shall be used.
- The material and production process shall be selected so that only low amounts of easily recyclable waste are generated.
- Plastics shall only be used where these offer advantages in terms of cost, function or weight.
- In the case of plastics, especially composite materials, only mutually compatible substances from one material family may be used.
- With regard to components that are relevant for recycling, the number of plastic types used shall be kept as low as possible.
- It is necessary to check whether a component can be manufactured from recycled material or with recycled additives.
- Care shall be taken to ensure that recyclable components can be removed easily, e.g. by means of snap-lock connections, predetermined breaking points, good accessibility, use of standard tools.
- Simple, environmentally friendly removal of the fluids shall be ensured by means of drain plugs etc.
- Wherever possible, the components shall not be painted or coated; instead, dyed plastic parts shall be used.
- Components in areas at risk of accident shall be designed to be tolerant of damage, repairable and easy to exchange.
- All plastic parts shall be identified according to the VDA material sheet 260 ("Components of motor vehicles; Identification of materials"), e.g. "PP-GF30R".

### 1.2.8 Recommendations for inspection, maintenance and repair

A service schedule outlining inspection and maintenance work must be provided for the modifications performed by the converter or equipment fitter. These instructions or schedules must include the maintenance and inspection intervals as well as the required operating fluids and materials and the spare parts. It is also important to specify parts and components with a limited service life which are to be checked at regular intervals in order to ensure service reliability and timely replacement where required.

This should be supported by a Workshop Manual including tightening torques, setting tolerances and other relevant specifications. Special tools, including their source of supply, must also be stated.

Converters/equipment fitters must also state which work may only be performed only by themselves or by their authorised workshops.

If the converter's or equipment fitter's scope of supply includes electric, electronic, mechatronic, hydraulic or pneumatic systems, then current flow diagrams and diagnosis routines or similar documentation facilitating a systematic search for faults should be provided.

Please observe the Volkswagen AG Owner's Manual for the inspection, maintenance and repair of the basic vehicle.

Please only use brake fluids and engine oils approved by Volkswagen for your vehicle.

More information about brake fluids and engine oils can be found in the Owner's Manual for your vehicle:

[https://userguide.volkswagen.de/public/vin/login/de\\_DE](https://userguide.volkswagen.de/public/vin/login/de_DE) (see also [chapter 1.2.1.5 "Online Owner's Manual"](#)).

### 1.2.9 Accident prevention

Converters shall ensure that the bodies comply with applicable legal rules and regulations as well as all regulations regarding work safety and accident prevention. All safety rules and the information material provided by accident insurance providers shall be observed.

All technically feasible measures must be taken to prevent unsafe operation.

Country-specific laws, directives and approval regulations must be observed.

The converter is responsible for the compliance with these laws, rules and regulations.

For further information about commercial freight traffic in the Federal Republic of Germany please contact:

<b>P.O. box address</b>	Berufsgenossenschaft für Fahrzeughaltungen Fachausschuss "Verkehr" Sachgebiet "Fahrzeuge" Ottenser Hauptstrasse 54 D-22765 Hamburg
<b>Telephone</b>	+49 (0) 40 39 80 - 0
<b>Fax</b>	+49 (0) 40 39 80-19 99
<b>Email</b>	<a href="mailto:info@bgf.de">info@bgf.de</a>
<b>Home page</b>	<a href="https://www.bg-verkehr.de">https://www.bg-verkehr.de</a>

### 1.2.10 Quality system

Worldwide competition, increased quality requirements placed on the overall ID. Buzz product by customers, national and international product liability legislation, new organisational forms and increasing cost pressure mean that effective quality assurance systems are required in all areas of the automotive industry.

The requirements of a quality management system of this kind are described in DIN EN ISO 9001.

For the reasons stated above, Volkswagen AG strongly recommends that all converters should set up and maintain a quality management system with the following minimum requirements:

Definition of responsibilities and authorisations including organisational plan.

- Description of the processes and procedures
- Appointment of quality management representative
- Performing contract and build feasibility checks
- Performing product checks based on specified instructions
- Regulating the handling of faulty products
- Documentation and archiving of test results
- Ensuring the quality records of employees are up to date
- Systematic monitoring of test equipment
- Systematic material and parts identification
- Performing quality assurance measures at the suppliers
- Ensuring the availability of process, working and test instructions, and that they are up to date, in the departments and in the workplace

## 1.3 Planning bodies

### Practical note

In addition to a user- and maintenance-friendly design (see [chapter 2.3.2.10 "Corrosion protection measures"](#)), the right choice of materials and therefore observance of corrosion protection measures are important during the planning of bodies.

### 1.3.1 Selecting the basic vehicle

The base vehicle needs to be selected carefully to ensure safe usage in the respective field.

When planning, please consider the following for the use in question:

- Wheelbase
- Engine/gearbox
- Final drive ratio
- Gross vehicle weight rating
- Seating version (number and arrangement)
- Electrical scopes, e.g. interior lighting, vehicle battery (see [chapter 2.5 "Electrics/Electronics"](#))

### Practical note

Before carrying out body building or conversion work, the supplied basic vehicle should be checked with regard to the fulfilment of applicable requirements.

You will find more information on the available ID. Buzz versions and body versions in the sales documentation. Please contact us (see [chapters 1.2.1.1 "Contact in Germany"](#) and [1.2.1.2 "International contact"](#)).

### Information

On the Volkswagen AG homepage, you can put together your vehicle using the configurator and view the special equipment available:

<https://www.volkswagen-nutzfahrzeuge.de/de/modelle.html>



### 1.3.2 Vehicle modifications

Before starting work on the body, the converter should check whether the vehicle is suitable for the planned body.

Build dimension drawings, product information and technical data can be obtained from the responsible department or via the communication system for the planning of bodies (see [chapters 1.2.1.1 "Contact in Germany"](#), [1.2.1.2 "International contact"](#) and [1.2.2 "Converter guidelines, consulting"](#)).

Furthermore, the special equipment available from the factory should be noted (see [chapter 1.4 "Special equipment"](#)).

Vehicles delivered from the factory comply with European directives and the national laws (except for some vehicles for countries outside Europe).

The vehicles also need to meet the European directives and the national laws after the modifications have been made.

#### Practical note

Sufficient space must be provided in order to guarantee the function and operating safety of the power units.

Modifications to the noise encapsulation can have effects which are relevant to registration.

Modifications to the cooling and heating system and their components are not permitted.

#### Warning note

Do not modify the steering, brake or drive system!  
Modifications to the steering, brake or drive system can result in these systems no longer working correctly and failing. This may result in the driver losing control of the vehicle and causing an accident.

#### Practical note

In all cases, please observe the instructions and warnings in the Owner's Manual of the vehicle.

### 1.3.2.1 Modifications to the underbody area of the high-voltage battery and the drive

The components for the high-voltage battery system, including the assembly frame, crash elements and powertrain, must not be modified or reworked. No welding or processes that could produce sparks may be used in the underbody area, near the high-voltage components and the high-voltage battery.

The following work must be avoided in the underbody area:

- Work in the direct vicinity of the high-voltage components, high-voltage wires and high-voltage battery using cutting, deforming or sharp-edged tools
- Fastenings on the vehicle floor that protrude into the area of the high-voltage battery or permanently restrict accessibility to the battery
- Exterior conversions that project into the area of the high-voltage battery or permanently restrict accessibility to the battery

#### Warning note

Special safety notes must be observed when working on electric vehicles. Failure to observe safety notes can result in a fatal electric shock.

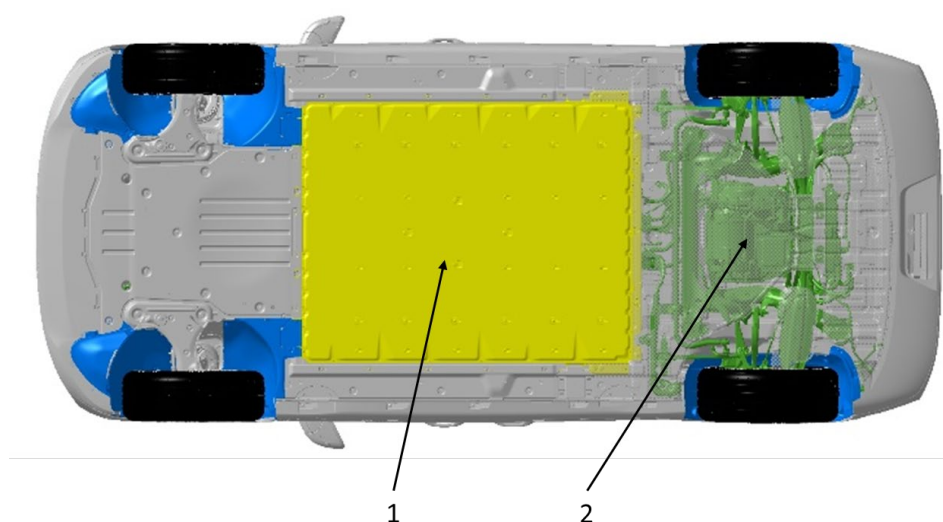


Fig. 1: Underbody of ID. Buzz with 82-kWh battery, 150-kW rear-wheel drive

1 - High-voltage battery 82 kWh

2 - Rear-wheel drive 150 kW

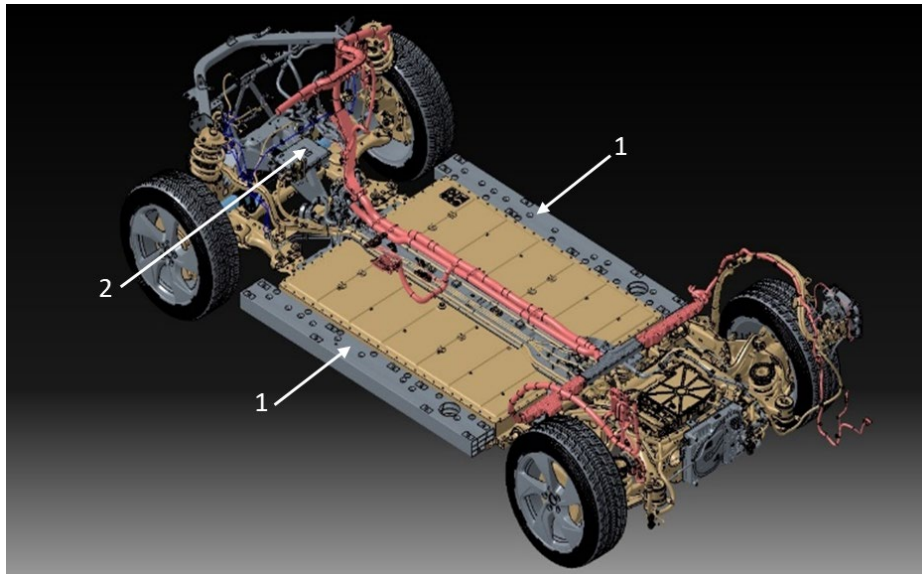


Fig. 2: Vehicle structure with battery (82 kWh) and supply line, and drive unit for 150-kW rear-wheel drive

1 - Crash element

2 - Power electronics

**Warning note**

The voltage within the high-voltage vehicle electrics and high-voltage battery is life-threatening!

Touching damaged orange-coloured high-voltage wires and high-voltage battery may result in a fatal electric shock. The high-voltage system may also be active even if the ignition is switched off.

- Never carry out any work on the high-voltage vehicle electrics, orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery. Work on the high-voltage system may only be performed by qualified specialist companies with appropriate accreditation to perform such work.
- Never modify, damage, dismantle or disconnect from the high-voltage system any of the orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery.
- Work in the vicinity of high-voltage components, high-voltage wires and on the high-voltage battery may not be carried out until after de-energisation. The high-voltage battery cannot be de-energised. The high-voltage disconnection may only be performed by suitably qualified and trained specialist staff.
- If there is a fault in the high-voltage system, the drive is automatically deactivated where necessary, and a corresponding indicator may be displayed in the instrument cluster. Should this be the case, the drive will remain deactivated until the fault has been rectified by suitably qualified and trained specialist staff.
- The various Volkswagen policies must be observed when carrying out any work on the high-voltage vehicle electrics, including in particular on the orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery.

**Information**

The required safety notes can be requested. Please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for body builders"](#)).

### 1.3.2.2 Body side panels

Various control units and cables are installed behind the side trims. Please check the required clearance behind the trims before making any changes!

In order to securely attach installations in the load compartment, please use the tie-down rails available with the additional equipment to ensure a secure connection to the body (see also [chapter 3.0 "Modifications to closed bodies"](#)).

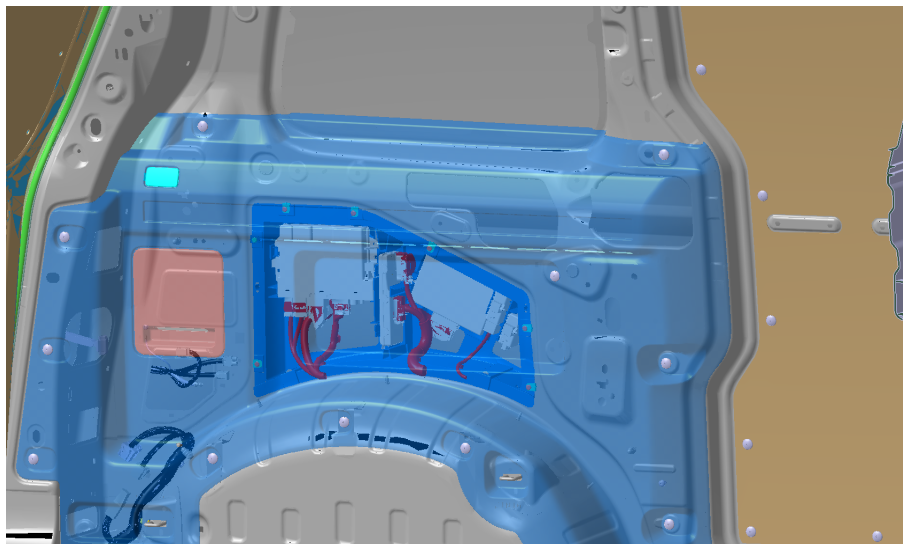


Fig. 1: Rear left side panel with indicated supply lines and control units

### 1.3.2.3 Electrics

#### High-voltage battery:

Direct energy consumption at the high-voltage battery is not intended or permitted. Please also note the warnings in this guideline and in the Owner's Manual of the vehicle.

#### 12 V electrical system:

(See [chapter 2.5 "Electrics/electronics"](#))

### 1.3.3 Vehicle acceptance

The officially recognised appraiser or tester from the converter must be informed about modifications to the vehicle.

#### Practical note

Country-specific laws, directives and approval regulations shall be observed!

## 1.4 Special equipment

We recommend using the special equipment from Volkswagen AG that can be obtained with a PR number for optimum adaptation of the body to the vehicle.

You can obtain information on special equipment provided by Volkswagen under PR numbers from your authorised repairer or from your available contacts for product and vehicle information for converters (see [chapters 1.2.1.1 "Contact in Germany"](#) and [1.2.1.2 "International contact"](#)). Please also note [chapter 4, "Implementation of special bodies"](#).

### Information

You can also put together your vehicle in the configurator on the Volkswagen AG homepage and view the special equipment available:

<https://www.volkswagen-nutzfahrzeuge.de/de/modelle.html>

Special equipment (e.g. reinforced springs, frame reinforcements, anti-roll bars etc.) or equipment fitted later increase the kerb weight of the vehicle.

The actual vehicle weight and the axle loads should be determined and documented by weighing before and after the modification. Not all additional equipment can be installed into every vehicle without problems. This applies in particular if it is fitted later on.

## 2 Technical data for planning

### 2.1 Basic vehicle

#### 2.1.1 Vehicle dimensions

##### 2.1.1.1. Basic data for ID. Buzz Cargo

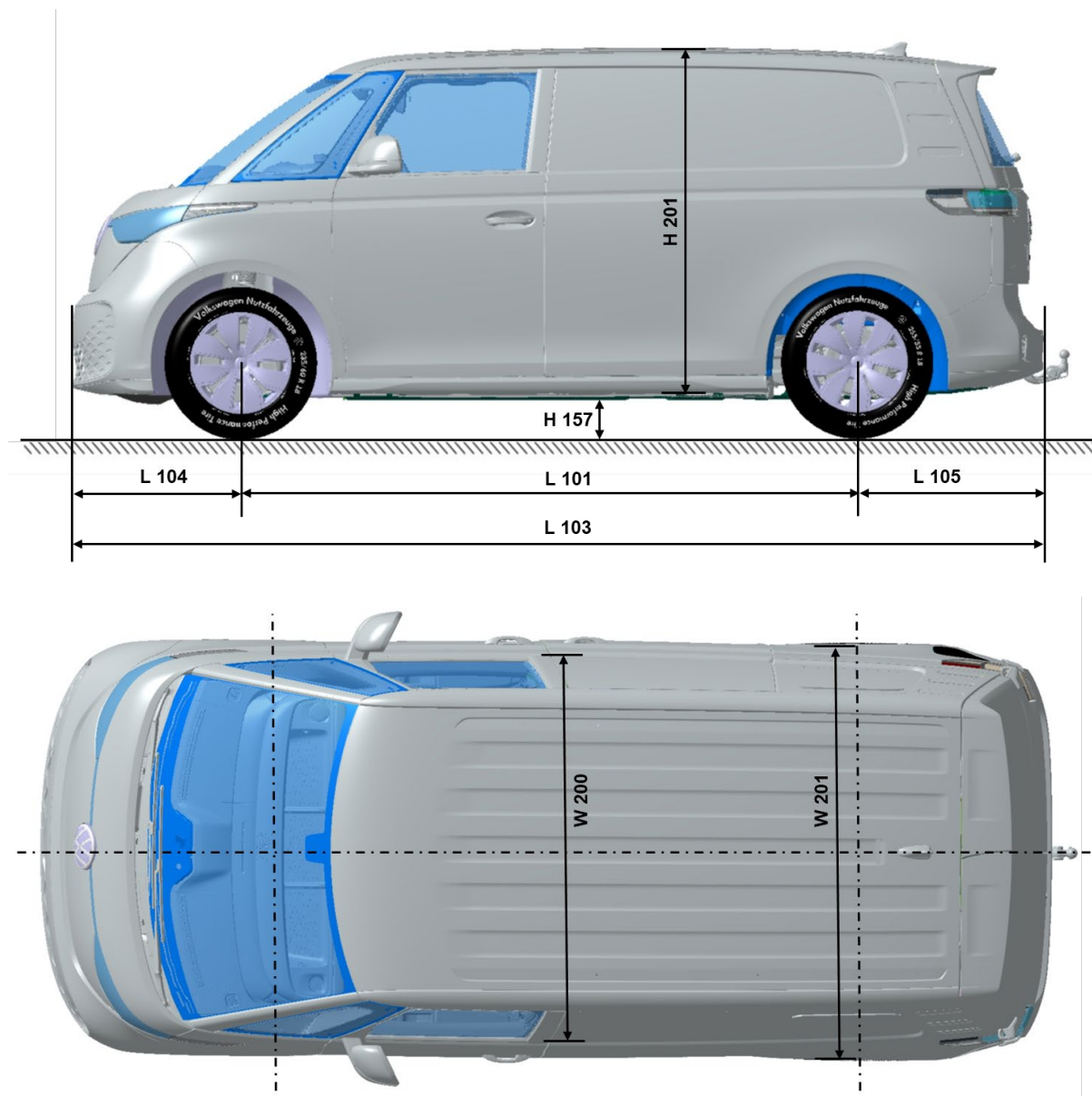


Fig. 1: Example vehicle dimensions of ID. Buzz Cargo (acc. to DIN 70020, P1) The dimensions are given in the basic data table below.

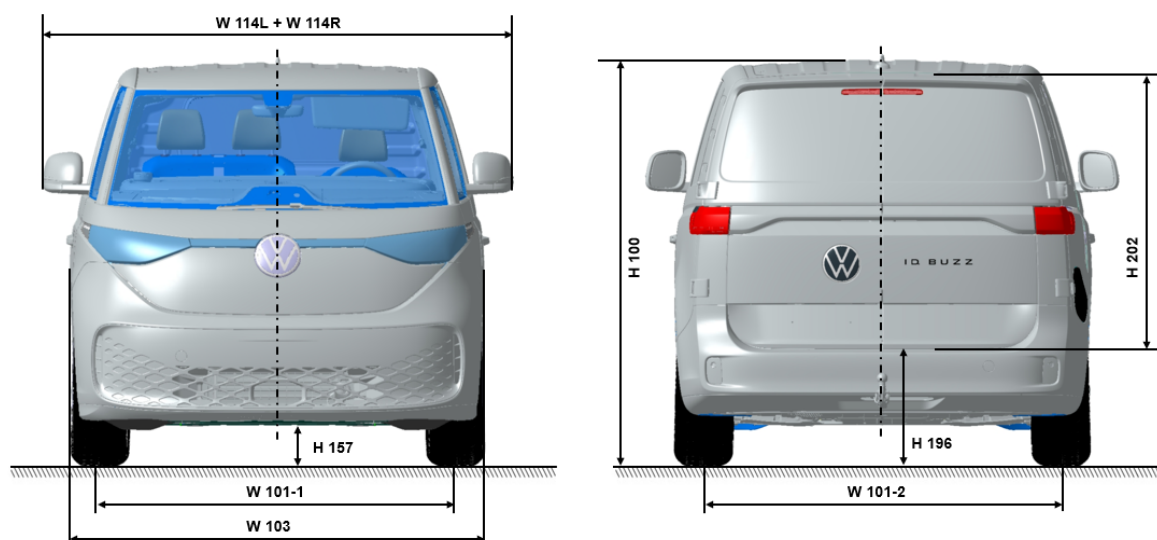


Fig. 2: Example vehicle dimensions of ID. Buzz Cargo (acc. to DIN 70020, P1)

Rear view: Figure with wing doors, the ID. Buzz Cargo can optionally be ordered with a rear lid. The values (dimensions) can be found in the basic data table.

Basic data for ID. Buzz Cargo (ML1*) (all engines)			ID. Buzz Cargo [mm]
Dimensions	L101/1 L101/3	Wheelbase (ML1*/ML3**)	2989
	L103	Vehicle length	4712
	L102	Vehicle length with rigid towing bracket/removable ball coupling	4837
	L515	Centre of gravity position, load compartment, behind the front axle	2679
	W103	Vehicle width (measuring point: door handle)	1985
	H100-B/EG	Vehicle height (MLEG)	1895
	H100.3/EG	Vehicle height with navigation aerial	1932
	L104	Front overhang length	820
	L105	Rear overhang length	903
	L105.1	Rear overhang length with towing bracket	1028
	W101-1	Track in front: -> with 45 installation depth	1673
	W101-2	Track width at rear: -> with 56 installation depth -> with 58 installation depth	1670 1666
	WX 1	Maximum rear axle width	1954
	WX 2	Maximum front axle width	1933
	H157/EG	Ground clearance between axles acc. to 2007/46/EC	178
	A117	Breakover angle	11.7°
	A116-1	Front ramp angle at full load, limited by spoiler	16.7°



Basic data for ID. Buzz Cargo (ML1*) (all engines)			ID. Buzz Cargo [mm]
	A116-2	Rear ramp angle at full load, limited by bumper	17.9°
Turning circle	D102	Minimum turning circle (approx.)	
		Left steering wheel (LL) rear-wheel drive	11.09 m
		Right steering wheel (RL) rear-wheel drive and LL/RL 4motion	12.54 m
Wheels /tyres		Basic tyres, front	235/60 R18 103T
		Basic tyres, rear	255/55 R18 105T
Load compartment measurements	L202	#Length of the load area (EC 1230/2012) With wing door (Y=0) With rear lid (Y=0)	1999 1975
	L301-2	Luggage compartment length 1st row of seats (Boot lid Y= 0) (Wing door Y=0)	2208 2232
	F201-1	Load compartment area	3.2 m <sup>2</sup>
	W200	Largest luggage compartment width (measuring point sliding doors)	1732
	W202	Min. load-through width between the wheel housings	1230
	H505	Max. load compartment height	1279
	H201	Loading height Load height up to cross strut	1257 1218
	H196	Load sill height above ground level	623
	H508	Clear opening height of sliding door	1092
	L508	Clearance opening width of sliding door (without partition)	756
	L903	Clear opening width of rear door	608
	H110	Vehicle height with rear lid open -> Mechanical -> Electrically operated rear lid	2192 2206
	H202	Body opening height: with rear lid with wing doors	1122 1122
	W206	Largest width of rear opening	1311
Garage dimensions	W120-1	Vehicle width, front doors open (2-door/4-door)	3818
	W120-2	Vehicle width, rear doors open	2270
	W114-L	Y-coordinate of exterior mirror on driver side	1106
	W114-R	Y-coordinate of exterior mirror on passenger side	1106
	H61-1	Effective headroom – 1st seat row	1032

\*ML1 – Measurement load, unloaded

\*\*ML3 - Measurement load, loaded

### 2.1.1.2. Overhang and breakover angle of ID. Buzz Cargo

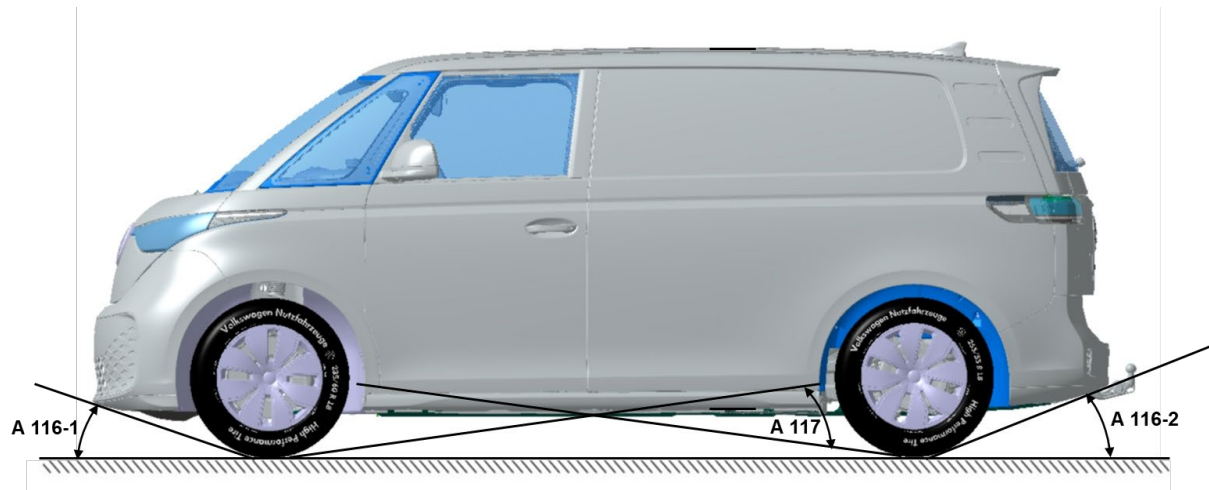


Fig. 1: Example vehicle dimensions of ID. Buzz Cargo (acc. to DIN 70020, P1)

The values for the ramp angle (A116) and the breakover angle (A117) can be found in the basic data table (see [chapter 2.1.1.1](#)).

## 2.1.1.3. Basic data for ID. Buzz

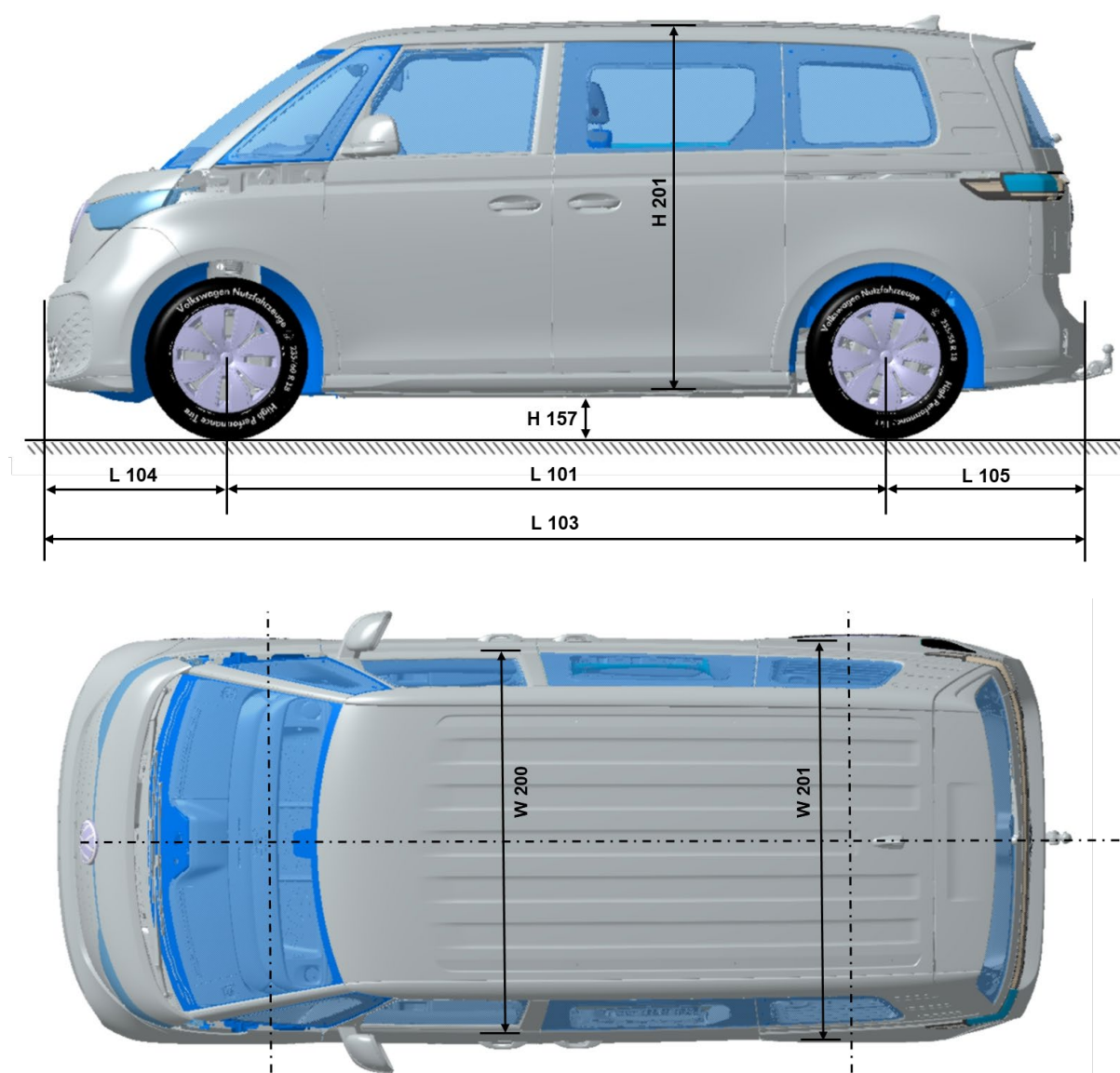


Fig. 1: Example vehicle dimensions of ID. Buzz NWB and LWB\* (acc. to DIN 70020, P1). The dimensions are given in the basic data table below.

\*NWB = normal wheelbase

\*LWB = long wheelbase

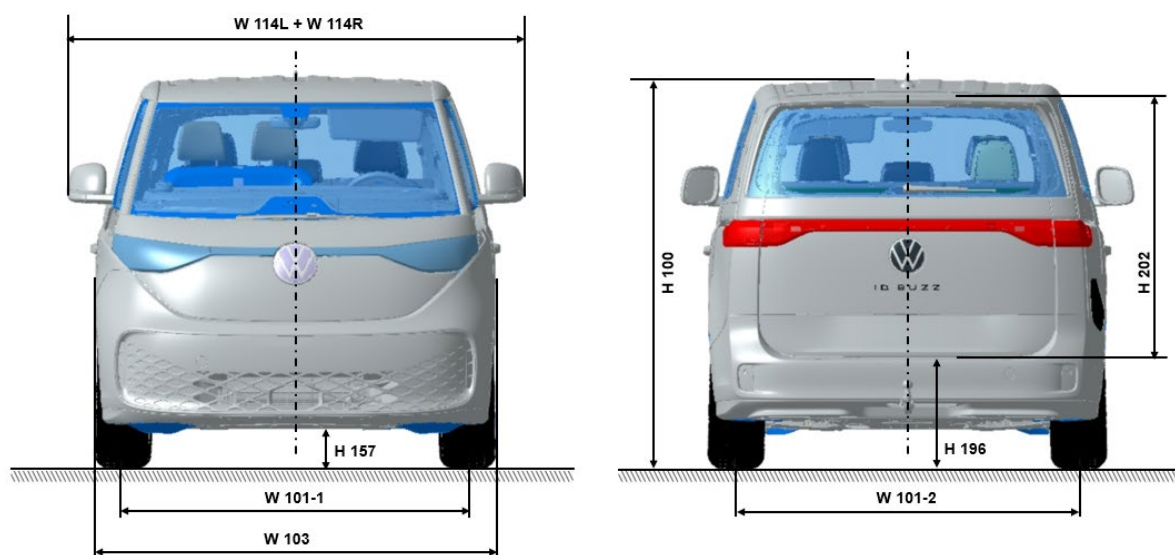


Fig. 2: Example vehicle dimensions of ID. Buzz NWB and LWB\* (acc. to DIN 70020, P1). The dimensions are given in the basic data table below.

\*NWB = normal wheelbase

\*LWB = long wheelbase

Basic data for ID. Buzz (ML1*) (All engines)			ID. Buzz NWB*** [mm]	ID. Buzz LWB*** [mm]
Dimensions	L101/1 L101/3	Wheelbase (ML1*/ML3**)	2989	3239
	L103	Vehicle length	4712	4962
	L102	Vehicle length with rigid towing bracket/removable ball coupling	4837	5087
	L515	Centre of gravity position, load compartment, behind the front axle With first seat row FGR, five-seater	3114	3282
		With second seat row FGR, seven-seater	3527	3777
	W103	Vehicle width (measuring point: door handle)	1985	1985
	H100-B/EG	Vehicle height (MLEG)	1891	1891
		Vehicle height (MLEG) with tilting and sliding panoramic sunroof	1890	1890
	H100.3/EG	Vehicle height with navigation aerial	1927	1924
	L104	Front overhang length	820	820
	L105	Rear overhang length	903	903
	L105.1	Rear overhang length with towing bracket	1028	1028
	W101-1	Front track for ML1/EG -> with 45 installation depth	1673	1673
		-> with 40 installation depth	1683	1683
	W101.2	Rear track for ML1/EG -> with 56 installation depth (18")	1670	--.--
		-> with 58 installation depth (19")	--.--	1666
		-> with 58 installation depth (21")	1667	1667

Basic data for ID. Buzz (ML1*) (All engines)			ID. Buzz NWB*** [mm]	ID. Buzz LWB*** [mm]
	WX 1	Maximum rear axle width/EG	1954	1954
	WX 2	Maximum front axle width/EG	1933	1933
	H157/1_T	Ground clearance between axles acc. to 2007/46/EC	175	175
	A116-1	Front ramp angle at full load, limited by spoiler	16.4°	15.9°
	A116-2	Rear ramp angle at full load, limited by bumper	14.8°	15.1°
	A117	Breakover angle	11.7°	10.7°
Turning	D102	Minimum turning circle (approx.)		
		Left steering wheel (LL) rear-wheel drive Right steering wheel (RL) rear-wheel drive and LL/RL 4motion	11.09 m 12.54 m	11.79 m 13.37 m
Wheels /tyres		Basic tyres, front Basic tyres, rear	235/60 R18 103T 255/55 R18 105T	
Load compartment measurements	L202	Length of the load area (EC 1230/2012) for type test		
		With first seat row FGR five-seater With second seat row FGR seven-seater	1105 279	1270 279
	L212-1	Luggage compartment floor length first seat row, second row of seats folded, third row of seats folded	2232	2482
		Luggage compartment floor length first seat row, second row of seats folded, third SR extracted	2222	2469
	L212-2	Luggage compartment floor length, second seat row, third row of seats folded	1301	1463
		Luggage compartment floor length, second seat row, third SR extracted	1330	1495
	L212-3	Luggage compartment length, 3rd row of seats	461	461
	F201-1	Loading area, behind 2nd row of seats	1.69 m <sup>2</sup>	1.97 m <sup>2</sup>
	W200	Largest luggage compartment width, behind 3rd seat row	1217	1217
	W202	Width between wheel housings	1204	1204
	H212	Luggage compartment height, minimum (with cover)	654	654
	H201	Loading height		
		5-seater 7-seater	1180 1170	1179 1169
	H196	Load sill height above ground level		
		5-seater 7-seater	632 636	631 636
	H508	Clear opening height of sliding door	1162	1162
	L903	Clear opening width of sliding door	757	948
	H101/EG	Maximum vehicle height	1927	1924

Basic data for ID. Buzz (ML1*) (All engines)			ID. Buzz NWB*** [mm]	ID. Buzz LWB*** [mm]
	H110	Vehicle height with rear lid open -> Mechanical rear lid	2187	2188
		-> Electrically operated rear lid	2201	2202
	H202	Body opening height 5-seater	1096	1096
		7-seater	1091	1091
	W206	Largest width of rear opening	1275	1275
Garage dimensions	W120-1	Vehicle width, front doors open/4-door	3818	3818
	W120-2	Vehicle width, rear doors open	2270	2264
	W114-L	Y-coordinate of exterior mirror on driver side	1106	1106
	W114-R	Y-coordinate of exterior mirror on passenger side	1106	1106
Vehicle interior dimensions	H61-1	Effective headroom – 1st seat row	1032	1032
		Effective head area (with tilting panoramic sunroof (PGD))	1067	1067
	H61-2	Effective headroom – 2nd seat row	1044	1042
		Effective head area (with tilting panoramic sunroof (PGD))	1075	1074
	H61-3	Effective headroom – 3rd seat row	982	982

\*ML1 – Measurement load, unloaded

\*\*ML3 – Measurement load, loaded

\*\*\*NWB = normal wheelbase

\*\*\*LWB = long wheelbase

#### 2.1.1.4. Overhang and breakover angle of ID. Buzz

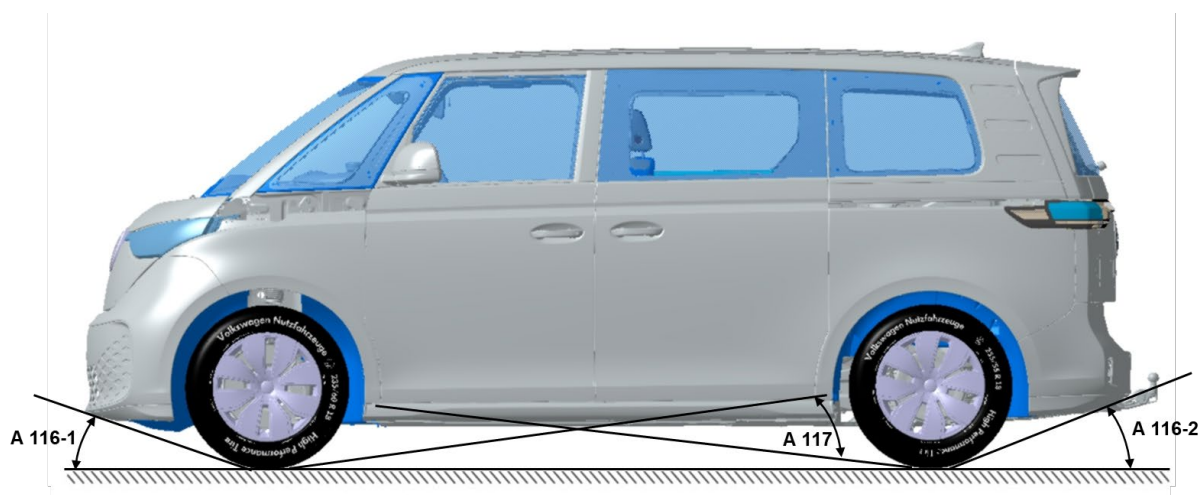


Fig. 3: Example vehicle dimensions of ID. Buzz NWB and LWB\* (acc. to DIN 70020, P1).

\*NWB = normal wheelbase

\*LWB = long wheelbase

The values for the ramp angle (A116) and the breakover angle (A117) can be found in the basic data table (see [chapter 2.1.1.3](#)).

## 2.2 Running gear

### 2.2.1 Permitted weights and kerb weights

#### Warning note

ATTENTION! Compliance with the maximum gross axle weight ratings specified in these converter guidelines is required for conversions that lead to an increase in the basic vehicle's axle weight rating (e.g. in the case of weight increases). If these values are exceeded, the durability of all components (and in particular the wheel hubs) must be checked and safeguarded using suitable measures!

#### Information

Equipment features can influence the payload or load weight by increasing/reducing the kerb weight. The weight values stated in the technical data refer to the standard, basic vehicle equipment. Weight tolerances of +5% in production are permitted in accordance with DIN 70020 and must be taken into account if necessary.

Installing special equipment reduces the payload.

The actual payload of a vehicle that is calculated from the difference between the gross vehicle weight rating and kerb weight can only be determined by weighing an individual vehicle.

#### 2.2.1.1 One-sided weight distribution

#### Warning note

The following weights shall not be exceeded under any circumstances:

- Gross vehicle weight rating
- Gross front axle weight rating
- Gross rear axle weight rating

(see [chapter 2.2.1 "Permitted weights and kerb weights"](#)).

When planning bodies/equipping, make sure that one-sided weight distribution is avoided – in particular involving permanently secured add-ons. If there are different wheel loads, the tyre load capacities must be observed.

### 2.2.2 Turning circle

See the basic data table ([chapter 2.1.1 "Vehicle dimensions"](#)).

### 2.2.3 Approved tyre sizes

The Volkswagen Owner's Manual provides information about the wheel/tyre combinations approved by Volkswagen AG in conjunction with snow chains (see the table of basic data in [chapter 2.1.1 "Vehicle dimensions"](#)).

### 2.2.4 Modifications to axles

Modifications to the axles are not permitted, because they can lead to an impairment in the vehicle handling and unstable vehicle handling.

### 2.2.5 Modifications to the steering system

Modifications to the steering system are not permitted.

Exceptions, e.g. Conversions for people with disabilities, shall be approved by Volkswagen AG prior to the conversion.

Please contact us before starting your conversion (see [chapter 1.2.1.1 "Contact in Germany"](#), [1.2.1.2 "International contact"](#)).

### 2.2.6 Brake system and brake control system

#### 2.2.6.1 General information

Modifications to the brake system are not allowed under any circumstances:

- If the modification to the brake system goes beyond the scope of the operating permit.
- If the air inflow and outflow to and from disc brakes are modified.

#### Warning note

Work performed incorrectly on brake hoses, lines and cables may impair their function.

This can lead to a failure of components or safety-relevant parts. Therefore, work on brake hoses, lines and cables should only be performed by a qualified specialist workshop.

#### 2.2.6.2 Routing additional lines along the brake hoses/brake lines

No other additional lines are allowed to be fastened to brake hoses and brake lines.

Additional lines must remain at a sufficient distance from brake hoses and brake lines under all operating conditions, and are not allowed to touch or chafe against such brake hoses/lines under any circumstances (see [chapter 2.5.2.1 "Electrical wiring/fuses"](#)).



### 2.2.7 Modification of springs, suspension mounting, dampers

The spring rates are never allowed to be modified.

We recommend using optimally matching springs from the Volkswagen delivery range for the vehicle with body.

Modifications to the springs must be appraised and recorded by the applicable technical test centre/monitoring organisation/technical service. Modifications that are not recorded and registered can result in invalidation of the vehicle's operating permit.

#### Practical note

We indicate that when the vehicle is converted to an air-sprung suspension system due to a change in the vibration behaviour of the wheels, this can lead to possible faulty displays of the factory-installed tyre pressure loss indicator (TPLI).

Please contact us before any planned modifications to the running gear (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converter"](#)).

### 2.2.8 Wings and wheel housings

The required clearance for the wheels including snow chains must be complied with.

Please take note of the information in the build dimension drawing.

## 2.3 Body-in-white

### 2.3.1 Roof loads

#### 2.3.1.1 Dynamic roof loads

Vehicle type	Max. roof load
Vehicles with normal roof and two base carriers	100 kg
Vehicles with normal roof and an additional base carrier	100 kg

See [chapter 2.7.1 "Roof carriers"](#) regarding the fitting of roof carriers.

The limit value for the maximum centre of gravity position of the vehicle is not allowed to be exceeded.

#### 2.3.1.2 Static roof loads

The values in the table (see [chapter 2.3.1.1 "Dynamic roof loads"](#)) refer to permissible roof loads during vehicle operation.

When using a static roof load, the following applies:

A static roof load of up to 250 kg does not cause any damage to the vehicle if the loads are evenly distributed. The maximum roof load may only be used when the vehicle is stationary. Vehicle operation with the static roof load is expressly prohibited. All available connection points of the body for roof carrier systems in the roof area must be used.

Direct loading of the roof surface is not permitted. One-sided loads can cause damage to the roof.

Volkswagen AG offers no warranty for damage to the vehicle resulting from improper use.

### 2.3.2 Modifications to the body-in-white

Changes to the body must not impair the function and strength of power units and operating devices of the vehicle, and they must not reduce the strength of weight-bearing parts.

During vehicle conversions and assembly of bodies, it is not permitted to make any modifications which impair the function and freedom of movement of the suspension (e.g. for maintenance and inspection work) or the accessibility to these parts.

#### 2.3.2.1 Bolted connections

If series-production bolts/nuts have to be renewed, it is only permitted for bolts/nuts to be used which have the:

- Same diameter
- Same strength
- Same bolt standard or bolt type
- Same surface coating (corrosion protection, coefficient of friction)
- Same thread pitch

Comply with VDI guideline 2862 during all assemblies.

Shortening the free clamping length, changeover to waisted shank and use of bolts with a shorter free thread proportion are not permitted.

Furthermore, take the settling behaviour of bolted connections into account.

When attaching components to the basic vehicle using bolts, make sure that no panels or other components of the basic vehicle are bent or damaged.

The use of Volkswagen tightening torques assumes that the total coefficient of friction is in the range  $\mu_{\text{tot}} = 0.08$  to  $0.14$  for the particular items being bolted together.

If bolts are tightened by torque and final tightening angle at Volkswagen, no change of design is possible.

#### Risk of accident

No safety-relevant bolted connections, e.g. for wheel guidance, steering and brake functions, may be modified. Otherwise the designated function may be impaired. This may result in the driver losing control of the vehicle and causing an accident. The new assembly is to be carried out according to VW Customer Service instructions, using suitable standard parts. We recommend the use of Volkswagen genuine parts.

#### Information

Information about Volkswagen customer service instructions can be provided by any Volkswagen Customer Service.

### 2.3.2.2 Welding work

The following instructions must be observed before carrying out welding work on the body:

- Welding work should only be undertaken by people with appropriate qualifications.
- Before performing welding work, components at risk must be removed or protected from flying sparks using a fireproof blanket.
- Welding, soldering and thermal bonding or the use of hot air in the direct vicinity of the high-voltage components, the high-voltage wires and on the high-voltage battery are not permitted. If a sufficient distance cannot be maintained, the components must be removed. The information in the vehicle-specific Workshop Manual must be observed.
- Work on the high-voltage components may only be performed by qualified personnel.
- Before welding work near seat belts, airbag sensors or the airbag control unit, the components must be removed for the duration of the work.
- Before starting welding work, cover the springs and spring bellows to protect them against welding beads. Springs are not allowed to be touched with welding electrodes or welding tongs.
- No welding is allowed on power units such as the engine and axles.
- The positive and negative battery terminal camps of the 12-V batteries must be disconnected and covered.
- Directly connect the earth clamp of the welding machine to the part to be welded. The earth clamp is not allowed to be connected to power units such as the engine, gearbox, axles.
- The housings of electronic components (e.g. control units) and electrical wiring are not allowed to be touched with the welding electrode or earth clamp of the welding machine.
- The electrodes are only allowed to be used with direct current via the positive terminal for welding. Always weld from bottom towards the top.

**Warning note**

Incorrectly undertaken welding work can lead to a failure of safety-relevant components, and thus cause accidents.

**Warning note**

Welding in the area of the restraint systems (airbag or belts) can lead to these systems ceasing to function properly.

Welding in the area of child restraint systems is therefore prohibited.

**Practical note**

Disconnect the battery prior to starting welding work. Airbags, seatbelts, the airbag control unit and airbag sensors shall be protected against welding beads, and removed if necessary.

**Warning note**

Special safety notes must be observed when working on electric vehicles. Failure to observe safety notes can result in a fatal electric shock.

**Warning note**

The voltage within the high-voltage vehicle electrics and high-voltage battery is life-threatening!

Touching damaged orange-coloured high-voltage wires and high-voltage battery may result in a fatal electric shock. The high-voltage system may be active even if the ignition is switched off!

- Never carry out any work on the high-voltage vehicle electrics, orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery. Work on the high-voltage system may only be performed by qualified specialist companies with appropriate accreditation to perform such work.
- Never modify, damage, dismantle or disconnect from the high-voltage system any of the orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery.
- Work in the vicinity of high-voltage components, high-voltage wires and on the high-voltage battery may not be carried out until after de-energisation. The high-voltage battery cannot be de-energised. The high-voltage disconnection may only be performed by suitably qualified and trained specialist staff.
- If there is a fault in the high-voltage system, the drive is automatically deactivated where necessary, and a corresponding indicator may be displayed in the instrument cluster. Should this be the case, the drive will remain deactivated until the fault has been rectified by suitably qualified and trained specialist staff.
- The various Volkswagen policies must be observed when carrying out any work on the high-voltage vehicle electrics, including in particular on the orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery.

**Information**

The required safety notes can be requested. Please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for body builders"](#)).

### 2.3.2.3 Welded connections

In order to achieve high-quality weld seams, the following basic recommendations are given:

- Thoroughly clean the areas to be welded.
- Apply several short welding beads, rather than one long one.
- Make symmetrical beads, in order to limit shrinkage.
- Avoid making more than three weld seams at any one point.
- Avoid welding in work-hardened areas.
- Spot and stitch welding should be offset.

### 2.3.2.4 Selection of welding process

The mechanical properties of weld seams depend on which welding process is selected, and on the geometry of the parts to be connected.

If welding overlapping metal panels, the welding process depends on the accessibility of the sides:

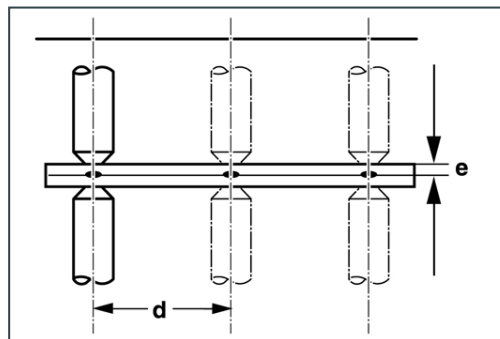
Accessible sides	Welding process
1	Shielding gas plug welding
2	Resistance spot welding

### 2.3.2.5 Resistance spot welding

Resistance spot welding is used for overlapping parts with access on both sides. Avoid spot welding of more than two layers of metal panels.

#### Distance between spot welds:

In order to avoid shunt effects, the specified distances between the spot welds must be maintained ( $d = 10e + 10 \text{ mm}$ ).



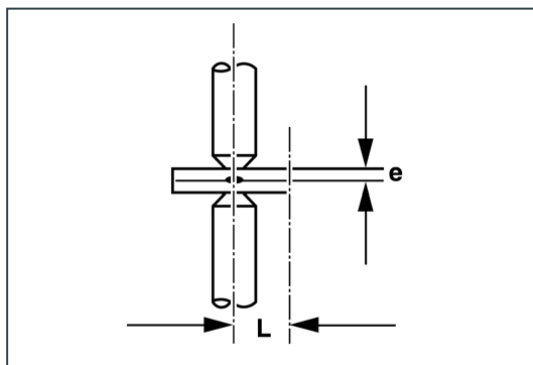
Ratio between panel thickness and distance between spot welds

d - Distance between spot welds

e - Panel thickness

**Distance from the edge of the panel:**

In order to avoid damage to the molten core, the specified distances from the edge of the panel must be maintained ( $L = 3e + 2 \text{ mm}$ ).



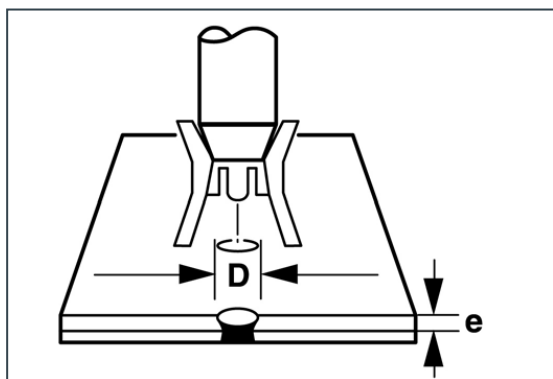
Ratio between panel thickness and distance from edge

e - Panel thickness

L - Distance from the edge of the panel

**2.3.2.6 Shielding gas plug welding**

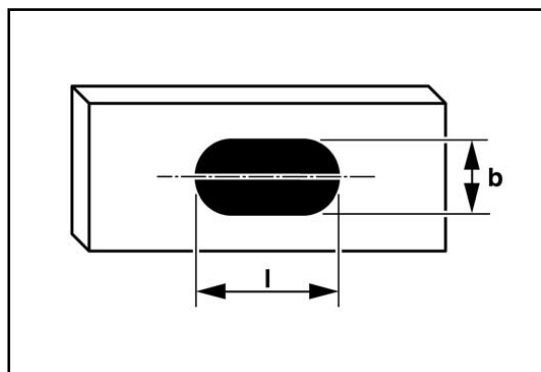
If overlapping panels can only be welded on one side, it is possible to achieve the connection by shielding gas plug welding or tacking. If the connection is achieved by punching or drilling and then plug welding, the drilling area must be deburred before welding.



Ratio between panel thickness and hole diameter

<b>D – hole diameter [mm]</b>	4.5	5	5.5	6	6.5	7
<b>e – panel thickness [mm]</b>	0.6	0.7	1	1.25	1.5	2

The mechanical quality can additionally be improved by using "elongated holes" ( $l = 2 \times b$ ).



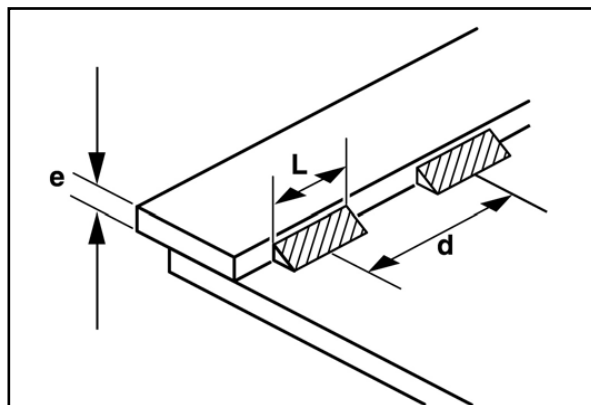
Ratio between width and length of elongated holes

B - Width of elongated hole

l - Length of elongated hole

### 2.3.2.7 Tacking

If panels are  $> 2$  mm thick, overlapping panels can also be connected by tacking ( $30 \text{ mm} < L < 40 \times e$ ;  $d > 2 L$ ).



Ratio between panel thickness and distance between spot welds

d - Distance between tackings

e - Panel thickness

L - Length of tacking

### 2.3.2.8 Welding is not allowed

Welding is not allowed:

- On power units such as the engine, gearbox, axles etc.
- On the chassis frame except if there is a frame extension
- On the A and B-pillars
- On the upper and lower chords of the frame
- In bend radii
- In the area of airbags

Plug welding is only permitted in the vertical webs of the frame longitudinal member.

### 2.3.2.9 Corrosion protection after welding

After all welding work on the vehicle, it is necessary to comply with the specified corrosion protection measures (See [chapter 2.3.2.10 "Corrosion protection measures"](#)).



### 2.3.2.10 Corrosion protection measures

Following conversion and installation work on the vehicle, surface and corrosion protection shall be applied to the affected points.

#### Practical note

Only the corrosion protection agents tested and approved by Volkswagen are allowed to be used for all corrosion protection measures.

### 2.3.2.11 Planning measures

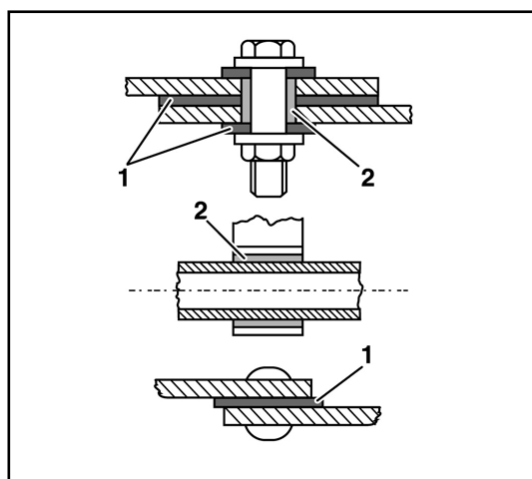
Corrosion protection should be taken into account in the planning and design in the form of a suitable material selection and component design.

#### Information

If two different metallic materials are connected together by an electrolyte (e.g. moisture from the air) then this will give rise to a galvanic connection. The result will be electrochemical corrosion, and the less noble metal will suffer damage. The electrochemical corrosion will be all the greater the further apart the metals in question are in the electrochemical series.

Therefore, the components must have a suitable treatment or insulation applied to them in order to prevent electrochemical corrosion, or the corrosion must be kept at a low level by a suitable choice of materials.

### Avoidance of contact corrosion by electrical insulation



Avoidance of contact corrosion (example illustration)

- 1 - Insulating washer
- 2 - Insulating sleeve

Contact corrosion can be avoided by using electrical insulation such as washers, sleeves or tubes. Avoid welding work on inaccessible cavities.

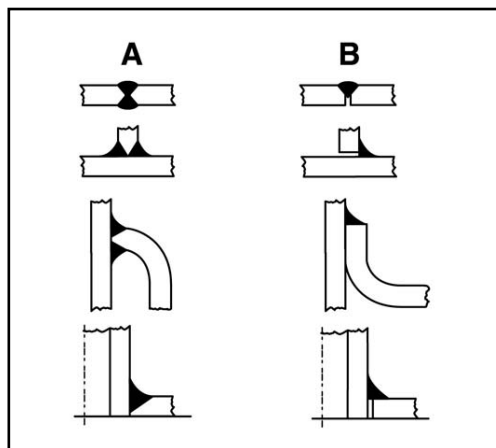
### 2.3.2.12 Component design measures

Design measures, in particular in the design of connections between the same or different materials, can be used for providing corrosion protection:

Corners, edges, beads and folds represent locations where dirt and moisture can collect.

Suitable surfaces, drains and the avoidance of gaps at component connections represent means by which corrosion can be counteracted by design measures.

#### Gaps at welded connections as a feature of the design, and how to avoid them



Variants of welded joints (example)

A = Favourable	B = Unfavourable
(through-welded)	(gap)

### 2.3.2.13 Coating measures

It is possible to protect the vehicle against corrosion by applying protective coatings (e.g. galvanizing, painting or high-temperature zinc application)

(see [chapter 2.3.2.10 "Corrosion protection measures"](#))

### 2.3.2.14 Work on the vehicle

After all work on the vehicle:

- Remove drilling chips
- Deburr edges
- Remove scorched paint and thoroughly prepare the surfaces for painting
- Apply a primer to all bare metal parts and paint them
- Apply a wax-based corrosion protection agent to cavities
- Carry out corrosion protection measures on the underbody and frame components

## 2.4 Interior

### 2.4.1 Modifications in the area of airbags

Modifications on the airbag system and the belt tensioner system as well as on and in the area of airbag components, the airbag sensors and the airbag control unit are not permitted.

The interior fittings shall be designed so that the airbag deployment areas are left unobstructed (see also [chapter 3.1 "Interior"](#)). Information about the deployment zones of the airbags can be found in the vehicle Owner's Manual.

#### Warning note

Modifications or incorrectly performed work on seatbelts and seatbelt anchor points, belt tensioners or airbags or their cabling could impair the correct function of these components. They might be activated inadvertently or fail in the event of an accident.

### 2.4.2 Modifications in the area of seats

The strength data for seats available ex-works is only valid in conjunction with the original attachment system.

#### Warning note

Only fit seat covers or protective covers that are expressly approved for use in the vehicle.  
The use of non-approved covers may prevent the side airbag from deploying.

#### Practical note

Modifications to the original series production condition can result in the withdrawal of type approval.  
Country-specific laws, directives and approval regulations must be observed!

#### 2.4.2.1 Belt anchors

The converter is solely responsible for fitting additional belt points.

The necessary proof is to be provided by the converter.

The country-specific laws, directives and approval regulations must be observed.

### 2.4.3 Forced ventilation vent

Replacement measures must be created for vehicle modifications of any kind that can influence the standard forced ventilation vent. The installed alternative vents must correspond to the factory-mounted forced ventilation cross-sections.

This is important in several respects:

- Closing comfort of the doors
- Possible flow rate of the heating blower
- Pressure equalisation on airbag deployment

Air inlets and outlets are not allowed to be fitted in the immediate vicinity of sources of noise or exhaust gases.

### 2.4.4 Acoustic insulation

During conversions, make sure that the noise level of interior noise is not changed. Noise insulating materials can be installed to reduce the noise level in the vehicle interior. This must be manufactured from flame-retardant materials.

### 2.4.5 eCall Emergency System

In the event of an accident, the EU eCall Emergency System can help to reduce the time it takes until emergency services arrive at the scene of the accident. Data is transmitted to the emergency response coordination centre via the OCU communication model. Therefore, the emergency call function is independent of the operational readiness of a mobile phone. However, it requires a mobile phone connection as well as the ability to locate the vehicle via GPS or Galileo. It is automatically triggered by the crash sensors or manually by the driver using the SOS button. The emergency call automatically goes to the nearest emergency response coordination centre.

#### General conditions:

The eCall Emergency System consists of the following components:

- Communication module (OCU)
- Emergency call button
- Microphone
- Emergency call loudspeaker
- Aerials for mobile network
- Global satellite navigation system
- and their connections and cables

As this is a certified system, no changes to components of the ecall Emergency System are permitted.

It should also be ensured in particular that the acoustic properties of the eCall Emergency System (emergency call loudspeakers and microphone) are not changed by constructional changes to the vehicle.

### 2.4.6 Aerial concept

Depending on the equipment, different aerial systems are fitted in the vehicle. The following figure shows the position of the aerals.

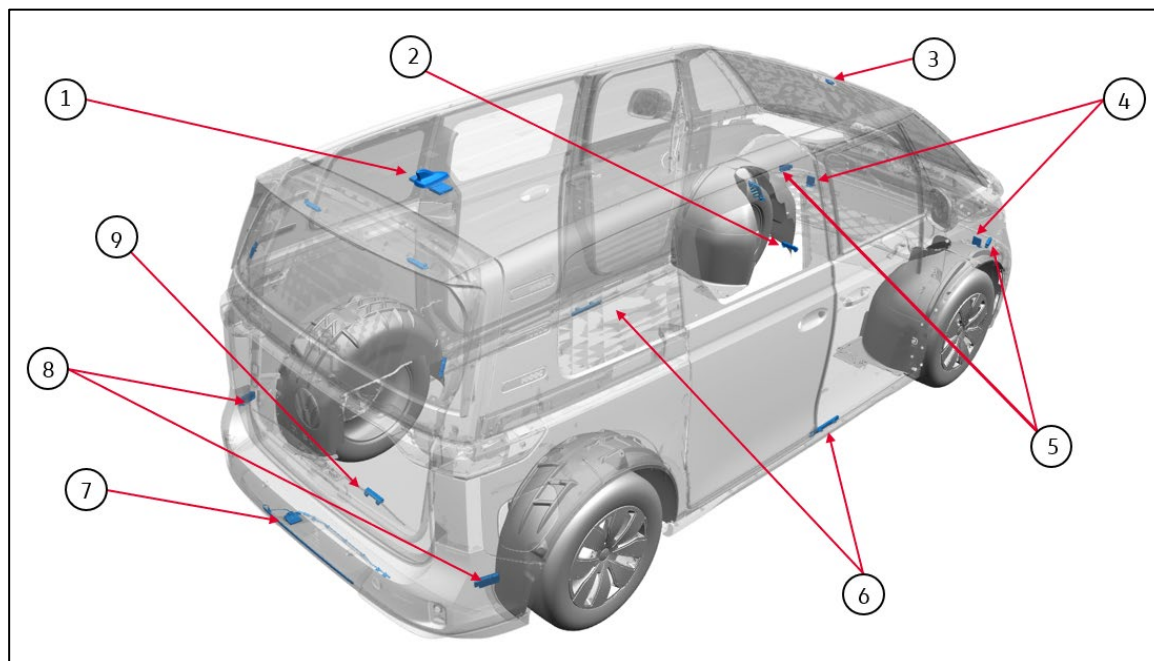


Fig. Overview of the positions of the aerals in the vehicle

- 1 – Roof aerial
- 2 – Keyless Access aerial, front, interior
- 3 – Car2X aerial
- 4 – LTE aerals front
- 5 – Control units for break-in protection front left and right
- 6 – Keyless Access aerals / sensor-controlled luggage compartment opener for Easy Open on the side of the underbody
- 7 – Sensor-controlled luggage compartment opener for Easy Open
- 8 – Control unit for break-in protection rear left and right
- 9 – Keyless Access aerial in rear lid

#### Practical note

To ensure proper functioning, no modifications may be made to the aerals. It is also not permitted to cover the aerial with other components or to change its position in the vehicle.

## 2.5 Electrics/electronics

Incorrect interventions in electronic components and their software may result in these no longer functioning as intended. Due to the networking of electronics, systems that were not modified can be affected. Malfunctions to the electronics can significantly impair the operational safety of your vehicle.

Work on or modifications to electronic components, in particular work on safety-relevant systems, is only allowed to be performed by a qualified specialist workshop, and by qualified specialist personnel who have the necessary specialist knowledge and tools for performing the necessary work.

Interventions in the vehicle electrical system/vehicle electronics can result in invalidation of the warranty/operating permit.

If modifications are made to the electrical system, take the vehicle to a VW workshop in order to delete the entries in the event memory at the completion of work. If a VAS tester is available, the event memory can also be deleted by trained personnel of the converter.

### 2.5.1 Lighting

#### 2.5.1.1 Vehicle lighting systems

Comply with the country-specific registration provisions with regard to the complete lighting systems (lighting and turn signal systems). Failing to comply can result in the operating permit being invalidated.

All of the exterior lighting uses LED technology. Fitting other lights instead of genuine VW lights can result in the bulb failure monitor being triggered, because the lighting system is a self-contained and harmonised system.

The bulb failure monitor cannot be deactivated.

We recommend using Volkswagen Genuine lights or a product using LED technology.

Please note that in the completed (converted) vehicle, it is necessary to comply with the add-on regulations and dimensions of all technical lighting equipment acc. to UNECE Regulation UNECE-R 48.

#### 2.5.1.2 Adjusting the headlights

The country-specific registration provisions apply.

The basic setting for the headlights must be put into effect and must be included in the configuration of the new construction status (e.g. fixed installations or add-ons or modifications to running gear components) of the vehicle.

It must be ensured that the adjustment range of the headlight range control complies with potential load levels.

#### Information

More information about headlight settings can be found in the Volkswagen AG Workshop Manuals / Maintenance Manual on the internet:

<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

## 2.5.2 Electrical system

Please note:

For bodies and conversions with electromagnetic switching mechanisms (such as relays, magnetic switches, contactors and solenoid valves) in the 12 V electrical system, these components must be equipped with integrated protective diodes (free-wheel diodes/anti-surge diodes), in order to exclude interference voltage peaks from the vehicle electrical system and the control units. If no protective diodes are integrated, these must be retrofitted antiparallel to the switch coil.

### Information

Please refer to "Additional technical information"\* in the conversion portal for more information on protecting the control units integrated in the vehicle electrical system from interference voltage peaks of electromagnetic bodies and conversions.

Please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converter"](#)).

\*Registration required.

### 2.5.2.1 Electrical wiring/fuses/in reference to the 12-V electrical system

The following points shall be complied with if routing modifications are required:

- Avoid routing over sharp edges.
- Avoid routing inside excessively narrow cavities and close to moving parts.
- No additional lines are allowed to be fastened to brake hoses and brake lines.
- Additional lines must remain at a sufficient distance from brake hoses and brake lines under all operating conditions, and are not allowed to touch or chafe against such brake hoses/lines under any circumstances.
- Only lead-free PVC jacketed cables with an insulation limit temperature >105 °C must be used.
- Connections must be made professionally and must be water-tight.
- The cable shall be dimensioned according to the current drawn and protected by fuses.

Max. continuous current [A]	Rated current of fuse [A]	Wire cross-section [mm <sup>2</sup> ]
0–4	5*	0.35
4.1–8	10*	0.5
8.1–12	15*	1
12.1–16	20*	1.5
16.1–24	30*	2.5
24.1–32	40**	4
32.1–40	50**	6
40.1–80	100	10
80.1–100	125	16
100.1–140	175	25
140.1–180	225	35
180.1–240	300	50

\* Shape C; DIN 72581 flat connector

\*\* Shape E; DIN 72581 flat connector

**Warning note**

No additional electrical wiring or other lines are allowed to be secured to existing lines such as brake or fuel lines or cables, because standard holders might otherwise be overloaded. An independent attachment solution must be found.

**2.5.2.2 Additional circuits**

Additional circuits (in reference to the 12 V electrical system) must be protected against the main circuit by suitable fuses.

All cables must be dimensioned according to the load, and protected against pulling off and the effects of impacts and heat.

When unprotected cables are routed in the area of the battery, these cables must be protected with special anti-cut hoses in accordance with series production (e.g. Aramid hose/Kevlar).

Information about sources for obtaining anti-cut hoses can be provided if required.

Please contact us in this regard (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converter"](#)).

For bodies and conversions with electromagnetic switching mechanisms (such as relays, magnetic switches, contactors and solenoid valves), these components must be equipped with integrated protective diodes (free-wheel diodes/anti-surge diodes), in order to exclude interference voltage peaks from the vehicle electrical system and the control units. If no protective diodes are integrated, these must be retrofitted antiparallel to the switch coil.

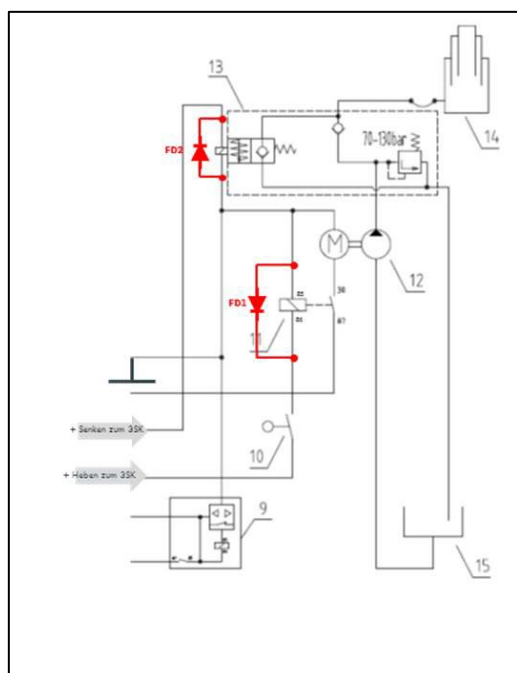


Fig. 1: Tipping control circuit

- 11 - Electro-hydraulic tipping valve
- 12 - Hydraulic pump with motor
- 13 - Motor relay (lifting tipper bed)
- FD1 - Free-wheeling diode for motor relay
- FD2 - Free-wheeling diode toggle valve



### Practical note

For subsequent bodies and conversions for vehicles, it is essential to make sure there are no voltage spikes >150 V in the vehicle electrical system. For conversions, suitable measures must be taken to ensure this (e.g. by using protection diodes).

### Information

Please refer to "Additional technical information"\* in the conversion portal for more information on protecting the control units integrated in the vehicle electrical system from interference voltage peaks of electromagnetic bodies and conversions.

Please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converters"](#)).

#### 2.5.2.3 Fuse carrier with emergency cut-out connection



Fuse SD11

Fig. 1: Position of fuse carrier D in the rear left of the load compartment, behind the trim



Maintenance connector Service Disconnect

Fig. 2: Maintenance connector on the lock carrier front right

The emergency cut-out connections are:

- the fuse SD11 in fuse box D in the luggage compartment at the rear left (Fig. 1)
- and the maintenance connector on the front right lock carrier (Fig. 2)

#### Practical note

In the event of conversions and equipping in the load compartment, ensure that access is guaranteed to the fuse carrier and the emergency cut-out connection (identifiable by the yellow flag).

Please refer to your vehicle's Owner's Manual for information on the assignment of the fuse slots.

#### 2.5.2.4 Electromagnetic compatibility

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) refers to the property of an electrical system to remain neutral whilst maintaining full functions in the presence of other systems. Active systems in the surrounding area are not disrupted by the system, nor is the system itself impaired.

Electrical interference in motor vehicle electrical systems is caused by the individual electrical loads. At Volkswagen AG, the factory-fitted electronic components have been checked for their electromagnetic compatibility in the vehicle.

When electrical or electronic systems are retrofitted, it is also necessary to check and demonstrate their electromagnetic compatibility.

The devices shall possess a type approval in accordance with UNECE-R 10 and shall bear the "e" mark.

Volkswagen does not issue a manufacturer's declaration for electromagnetic compatibility when additional devices are subsequently installed by converters.

Should you have any questions, please contact Volkswagen AG. Please refer to [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converter"](#).

### 2.5.2.5 Mobile communication systems

#### 1. Mobile phones

Commercially available mobile phones may be operated in the vehicle interior. Observe the respective national regulations for the transmission powers during use. Information about the radio bands can be found in the current vehicle-related manufacturer's declaration.

An installation set with external aerial is recommended for an optimum transmission and reception quality and to connect to wireless networks outside of the vehicle. The appropriate interface is available for the mobile phone ex-works as special equipment.

#### 2. Mobile phones for authorities and organisations with security tasks

Two-way radios complying with the technical guidelines of authorities and organisations with security tasks may be installed and operated in the vehicle with the appropriate installation set (according to the vehicle-specific manufacturer's declaration).

#### Information

Additional information about the operation of mobile two-way radios is available in the "vehicle-specific manufacturer's declaration" for the ID. Buzz.

This can be found on the Customized Solution portal of Volkswagen AG via the link: <https://www.customized-solution.com/> under the heading: "Additional technical information"\*.

\*Registration required.

### 2.5.2.6 CAN bus

#### Warning note

Interventions in the CAN bus and connected components are not permitted.

The CAN bus must not be modified due to the networking and internal monitoring of electrical equipment (e.g. by interrupting, extending or "tapping", and reading and writing). Any modification to the wiring harness in terms of length, cross-section or resistance could cause failure of safety-relevant components or result in a loss of comfort.

Internal and external vehicle diagnosis is possible via the OBD diagnostic connection (SAE 1962). Each control unit is self-diagnosis capable and has a event memory.

Communication with the control unit can be carried out using a suitable diagnostic system (e.g. Offboard Diagnostic Information System).

**Practical note**

The converter can use the external CAN bus interfaces on the CFCU to exchange predefined data with the BUS system of the basic vehicle (CIA 447 or J1939).

Outside of these interfaces and predefined data strings, no data may be exchanged with the internal data bus of the basic vehicle. Furthermore, no online interfaces may be connected to the above CAN BUS interfaces (an online interface is an interface that can potentially be connected to the Internet, such as \*Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, \*NFC, \*NAD, etc.).

In case of non-compliance, the converter is required to have a new system test performed according to UNECE R 155.

To prevent outside intervention in the vehicle control system, the vehicle manufacturers (OEM) are constantly implementing the UNECE regulations on cyber security (CS) and software update management system (SUMS).

If vehicles are modified or supplemented by body builders following delivery by the vehicle manufacturer, the specifications from the UNECE regulations must be observed and implemented.

\* WLAN = wireless local area network

\*NFC= near field communication (contactless data transmission using radio frequency identification (RFID) technology),

\*NAD= network access device (telephone module)

**Information**

Your Volkswagen customer service department can provide you with further information.

## 2.5.3 Electrical interface for special vehicles

### 2.5.3.1 General information on the interface for special vehicles

#### Basic requirements for using the interface:

- These interfaces are only allowed to be used by authorised specialist personnel.
- Inappropriate interventions can result in damage to the vehicle and breakdowns, and may also invalidate the operating permit.
- The parameters of the special vehicle control unit are only allowed to be set in consultation with Volkswagen.
- Connections must be made properly (see [chapter 2.5.2.1 "Electrical wiring/fuses"](#)).
- Subject to technical modifications.

#### The following points must be observed at all times:

- VDE guidelines for configuration and fitting of electrical wiring and components (cable cross sections, fuses etc.)
- Only components approved by Volkswagen are allowed to be used for adapting to the vehicle electrical system. When using additional electrical equipment, the converter must ensure a balanced current supply.
- EMC safety for connections after the interface is the responsibility of the company fitting out the vehicle.
- The cable cross sections of the interfaces will be maintained throughout the entire circuit, i.e. no cross-section reductions are permitted after the interface.
- Energy must only be supplied to the vehicle electrical system at potentials expressly provided for this purpose and will be fused externally in accordance with VDE guidelines.
- All electrical wiring connected to the vehicle electrical system shall be reliably and durably protected against overload to battery "+".
- Earth potential: The specified potentials always refer to the vehicle body earth.

#### Practical note

To avoid exceeding the current-carrying capacity of the main fuse box in the 12V on-board power supply, the total current draw, when using the electrical terminal strip (PR No. IS1) and the CFCU\* (PR No. IS2), must be limited to 40A.

\*CFCU - Customer-specific function control unit

#### Information

Volkswagen AG Workshop Manuals and current flow diagrams can be downloaded from the internet at **erWin\*** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 2.5.3.2 Electrical interface for special vehicles/electrical terminal strip IS1

Additional electrical consumers must be connected using the terminal strip for auxiliary consumers (PR No. IS1). The terminal strip incl. mating connector is fitted under the left front seat and has eight connections. (4x potential terminal 30 and 4x potential terminal 15).

Terminal 30 (on pins 1, 3, 5 and 7)	12 V /max. 30 A total current
Terminal 15 (on pins 2, 4, 6 and 8)	12 V /max. 3 A total current

Table with PIN assignment

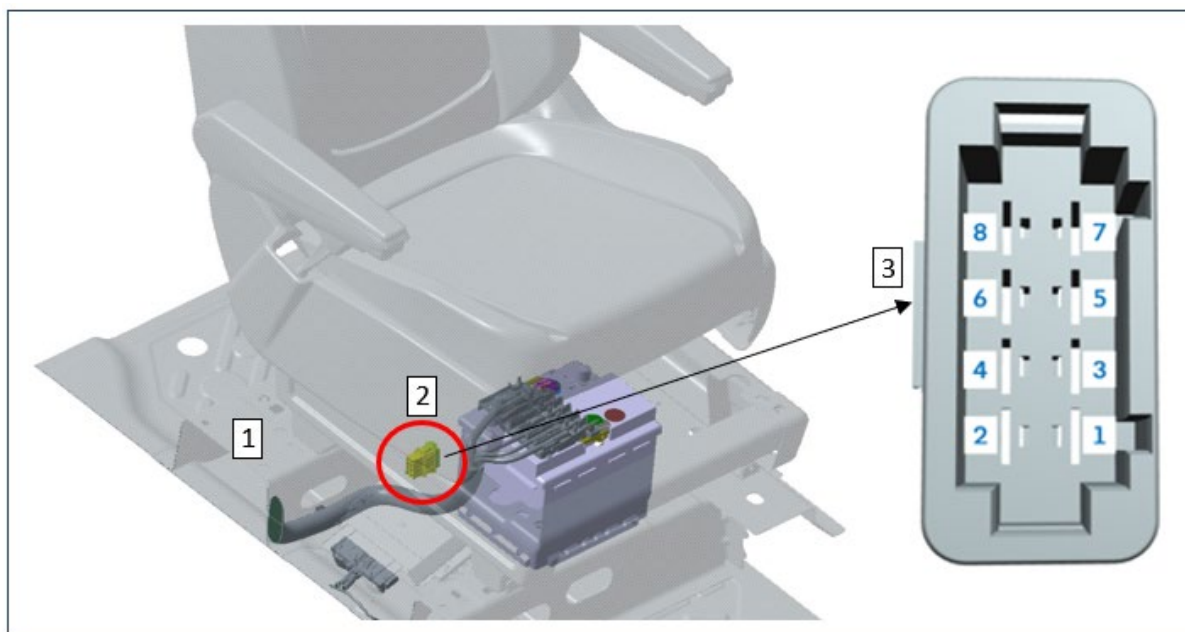


Fig. 1: Left front seat with position of the vehicle electrical system battery and terminal strip in the lower seat pan frame.

- 1 - Lower seat pan frame
- 2 - Position of the terminal strip
- 3 - View of the terminal strip with the PIN assignment

#### Information

To prevent damage to the contacts or contamination, the vehicle is delivered with a mating connector, part number 1J0.972.774, which is plugged onto the terminal strip.



Fig. 2: Mating connector and connector

- 1 - Mating connector
- 2 - Connector (terminal strip)

### 2.5.3.3 Customer-specific functional control unit (CFCU\*) PR no. IS2

The functional control unit enables close integration of the base vehicle and the body. It makes it possible to provide almost 3,000 different signals from the basic vehicle that, when required, are used to activate the body functions or are also connected in logic blocks.

In order to adjust the functional control unit to the individual functional requirements of converters/customers, use the following description and the additional documents and instructions in the login area of the Customized Solution portal under Technical Information/Functional Control Unit.

The CFCU\* (customer-specific functional control unit) includes:

Programmability and configurable inputs and outputs

ASIL-B Ready (functional safety ISO 26262)

Digital inputs	16
Analogue inputs	8
Outputs	24

#### Information

All inputs and outputs can be loaded up to the respective specified rated values.

Corresponding technical rated values can be found in the technical customer documentation for the CFCU\*.

Overloading can result in damage to the control unit, or even its destruction.

\*CFCU: customer-specific functional control unit

#### Practical note

If additional electrical consumers are installed, in particular factory-fitted optional equipment, a positive overall charging balance shall be ensured by the body builder.

### Practical note

The body builder can use what is known as the body builder CAN\* (also called J1939 or FMS\*\* CAN) and the CAN open-CAN (also called CIA447) of the CFCU as an external CAN bus to communicate with the basic vehicle (for read access to the CAN and in some cases also for write access).

To prevent outside intervention in the vehicle control system, the vehicle manufacturers (OEM) implemented the UNECE regulations on cyber security (CS) and software update management system (SUMS). If vehicles are modified or supplemented by converters following delivery by the vehicle manufacturer, the specifications from the UNECE regulations must also be observed and implemented.

It must therefore be technically ensured that no unauthorised messages are written to the respective vehicle CAN bus via external interfaces or online. External messages on the CAN can affect the basic vehicle's vehicle control system.

The converter must ensure that no online control units may be connected to the CFCU, in order to minimise this risk.

CAN\* Controller Area Network

FMS\*\* Fleet Management System

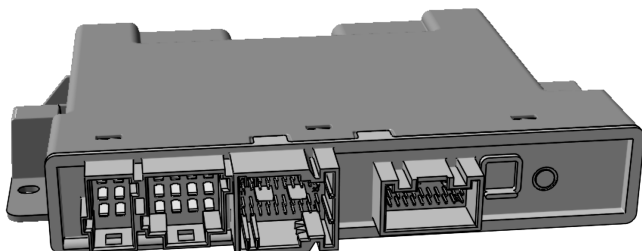


Fig. 1: View of customer-specific functional control unit

### Interfaces

CIA447

J1939



**Practical note**

Please note: the specified basic functions may already be part of the "ex works functions" and could limit a required configuration and also previously unassigned inputs and outputs.

It is therefore important to clarify in advance whether the required additional CFCU functions are available and therefore usable!

**Information**

If you have any questions about the content of the configuration of the functional control unit (CFCU), please use the following email address:  
[config-cs@volkswagen.de](mailto:config-cs@volkswagen.de)

**Information**

Technical documentation on the CFCU, further information regarding the requesting and processing procedure as well as the CFCU configuration order can be found on the Customized Solution portal via the link:  
<https://www.customized-solution.com/de/de/technische-produktinformationen/kfg/technische-information>

You must register on the CustomizedSolution portal in order to access this.

**2.5.3.3.1 Installation position in the vehicle**

The customer-specific functional control unit (referred to as CFCU in the following) is installed behind the side panel trim above the rear left wheel housing.

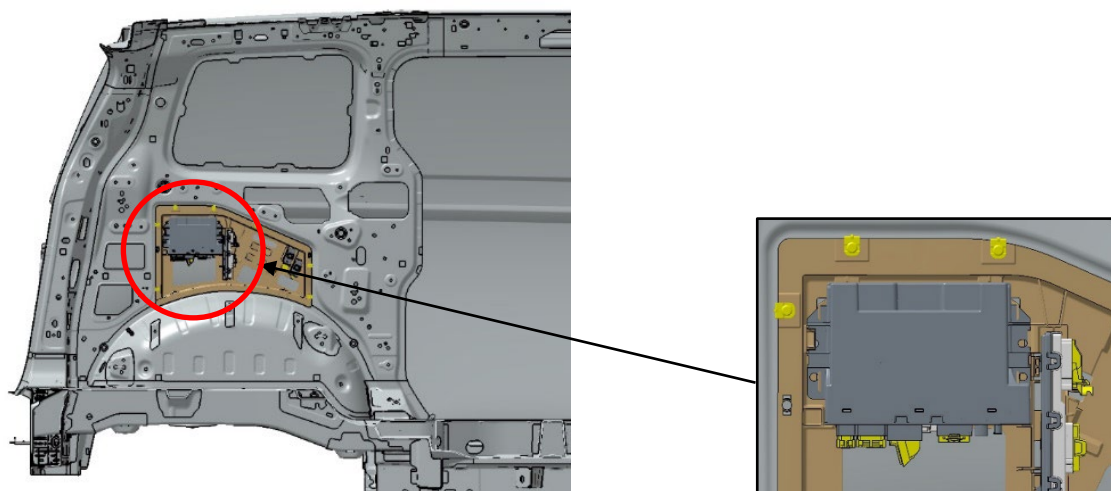


Fig. 1 Installation position of the CFCU behind the side panel trim above the rear left wheel housing

### 2.5.4 Vehicle battery – 12-V vehicle electrical system battery

The 12-V battery is installed under the driver seat as standard.

PR number	Battery type	Battery capacity
J0H	AGM battery (absorbent glass mat battery)	58 Ah / 380 A

If a vehicle is not operated for a long time, its battery gradually discharges due to the electrical loads (e.g. clock, tachograph, 12 volt socket) and can suffer permanent damage.

To prevent this damage, check the battery open-circuit voltage in accordance with the maintenance cycle and charge the battery (see [chapter 1.2.6 "Recommendations for vehicle storage"](#)).

#### 2.5.4.1 Inverter with 230-V indoor socket

If the options (PR no. 9Z3 (for Europe) or 9Z6 (for UK and India) are selected for the ID. Buzz, the 230-V inverters with the 230-V internal sockets are installed under the front passenger seat (both with the single front passenger seat and the double passenger seat).

The inverter is designed for continuous maximum operation at 300 W and for short periods of operation at 450 W. It is automatically activated when readiness to drive is established and a connector is connected. If the vehicle goes into standby mode, the inverter will still be supplied with power for up to 10 minutes if there is enough energy available in the 12 V on-board supply. If the connector is disconnected again during this time, the inverter automatically disconnects from the power supply and can only be used again once readiness to drive has been established.

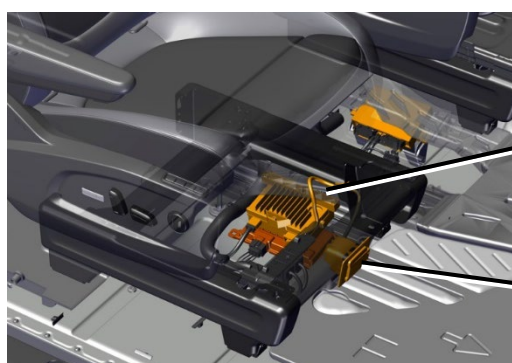


Fig. 1: Location of the inverter and the internal socket



Fig. 2: Position of the 230-V internal socket for a double passenger seat

1 - Inverter for socket, 12 V - 230 V

2 - Indoor socket, 230 V

### 2.5.5 Driver assist systems

#### Warning note

Please note: Improper interventions in, or installations in, vehicle systems, safety-relevant components or driver assist systems can impair their function. This can result in failure or malfunctions of components or safety-relevant components. Accidents or damage to the vehicle may occur as a result. In the case of semi-automated driving assistance systems that are part of the type approval, intervention in these systems will invalidate the type approval.

To ensure the correct function of the driver assist systems, it is imperative that the physical limitations of the vehicle described in [chapter 2.1 "Basic vehicle"](#) are observed.

#### Practical note

In vehicles with assist systems (such as the Lane Assist), bodies and conversions may cause falsification of the calibration. Flawless function of the front camera for driver assist systems and the radars would not be ensured. Once a body has been built or conversion made, a calibration of the driver assist systems installed must therefore be carried out by an authorised specialist workshop.

#### Information

You will find further information on the installation and removal of assist systems, such as radars and multi-function cameras, on the **erWin\*** web page (**E**lectronic **R**epair and **W**orkshop **I**nformation from Volkswagen AG): <https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

## Cameras and radars

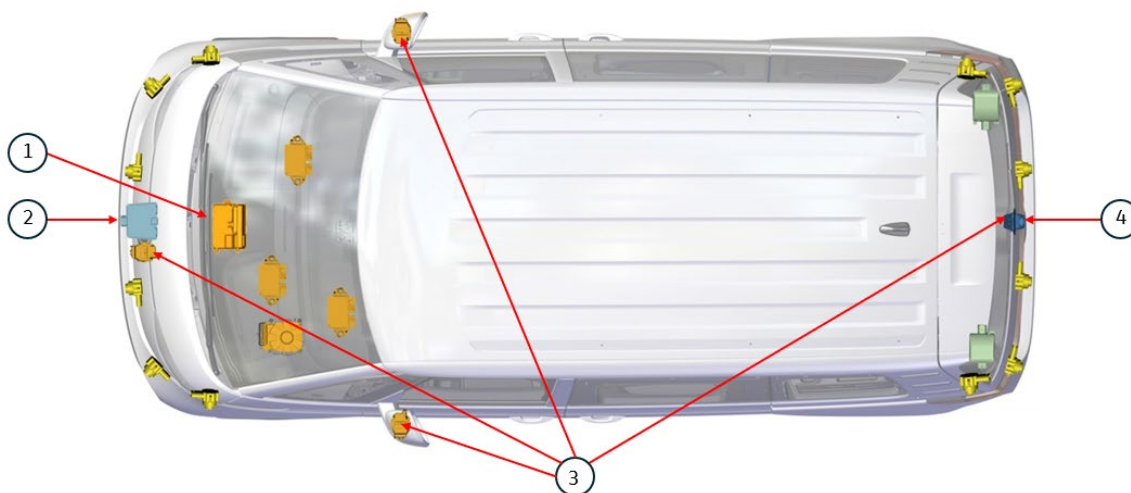


Fig. 1: Locations of the cameras and radars on the vehicle

- 1 – Front camera for driver assist systems
- 2 – Front radar sensor with adaptive cruise control unit
- 3 – Area View camera
- 4 – Rear view camera (without Area View)

## Control units and sensors

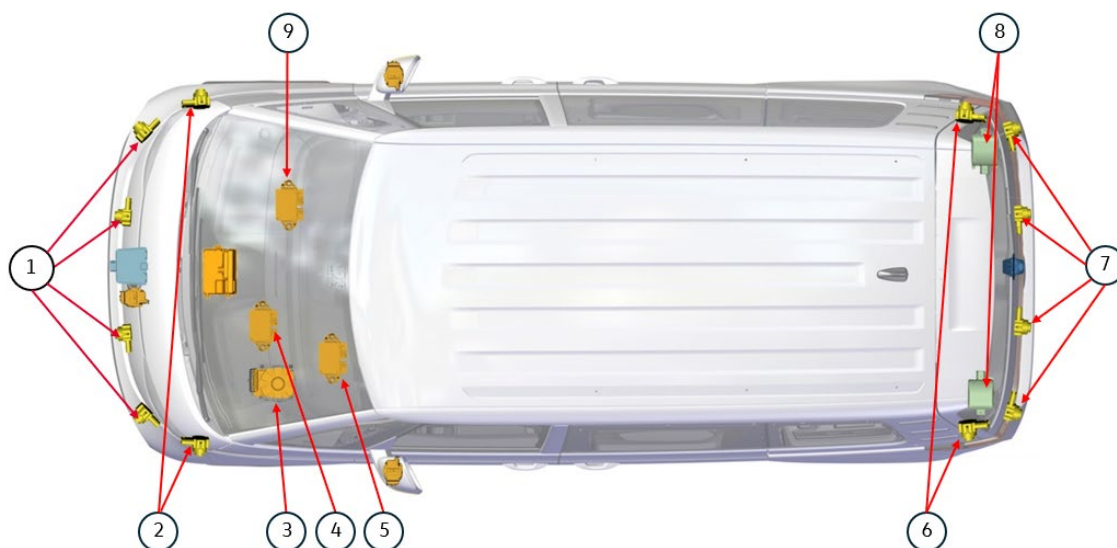


Fig. 2: Locations of the control units and sensors on the vehicle

- 1 – Front parking aid sensors
- 2 – Front park assist steering sender
- 3 – ABS control unit
- 4 – Power steering control unit
- 5 – Parking aid control unit / park assist steering control unit
- 6 – Rear park assist steering sender
- 7 – Rear parking aid sensor
- 8 – Lane change assist control unit / lane change assist control unit 2
- 9 – Control unit for overhead view camera

**Practical note**

The sensors may be displaced or damaged by collisions, e.g. when driving into or out of a parking space. This can result in the system switching itself off or becoming impaired.

**Practical note**








To ensure that the radar sensors function properly, the bumper covers must be kept free of snow and ice and must not be glued, painted or covered in the detection range of the sensors.













**Practical note**

Adhesive films, particularly reflective ones, can negatively impact the function of the sensors installed in the vehicle. If it is necessary to equip the vehicle with a film, it must be ensured that the functions of the assist systems are not affected by this.

**An overview of the driver assistance systems**

The following assist systems are available in the vehicle after the equipment and sales specifications have been selected:

	<b>Assist systems</b>	<b>PR number</b>
	Lane Assist lane departure warning	6I1
	Lane Assist plus Traffic Jam Assist	6I2
	Lane Assist plus Emergency Assist and Traffic Jam Assist	6I6
	Light Assist main-beam control	8G1
	Matrix beam	8G4
	Dynamic Road Sign Display	QR9
	Front Assist with warnings and braking on detection of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists	8J3

	Assist systems	PR number
	"Side Assist" lane change system including Blind Spot Monitor and Rear Traffic Alert	7Y1
	Electronic Cruise Control System (CCS)	8T2
	Adaptive Cruise Control with Stop & Go	8T3
	Speed limiter (LIM)	LT1
	Speed limiter and predictive speed limiter (pLIM)	LT2
	Park Distance Control at the front and rear	7X2
	Park Assist Plus	8A2
	Remote Park Assist	8A5
	Distraction and fatigue detection system	EM2
	Tyre pressure monitoring system R64-compatible, TPMS+	7K1
	Tyre Pressure Loss Indicator – TPLI plus NAR	7K6
	Intermittent windscreen wiper operation with light and rain sensor including USB connection for dashcam – in cover for driver assist system	8N6

Key

### 2.5.5.1 Parking aids

The following assist systems are available to help with parking:

- Park Distance Control at the front and rear PR no. 7X2 (standard equipment)
- Park Assist Plus PR no. 8A2 (optional)
- Remote Park Assist PR no. 8A5 (optional)

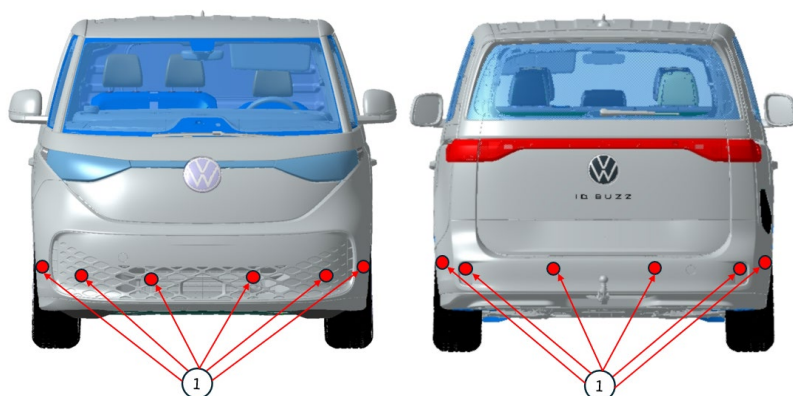


Fig. 1: Position of the PDC sensors

1 – PDC sensors for parking aid (Park Distance Control)

At Volkswagen, the parking aid ensures compliance with UNECE R 158 (reverse travel equipment). For this reason, each vehicle is always fitted with Park Distance Control ex works.

These systems monitor their surroundings using up to 12 ultrasound sensors, known as PDC sensors. These are installed on the rear and the front of the vehicle. See figures above.

#### Practical note

In the event of superstructures and modifications:

- Add-on parts in the detecting range of the ultrasound sensors can impair the function of the parking aids (e.g. attachments on the towing bracket, steps or bumper guard).  
In the event of add-on parts or conversions, make sure that the ultrasound sensors are not impacted by the attachments.
- If the bumper is painted subsequently, this must not be done with the ParkPilot ultrasound sensors installed. The coat of paint will impair the transmission and reception of the ultrasound signals.

### Information

Different ultrasound sensors are available for the bumper covers.

- Non-paintable sensors for grained or black-painted bumper covers
- Sensors prepared for paintwork that will be painted in the colour of the vehicle
- Sensors already painted in the colour of the vehicle

### Practical note

Sensors that have already been painted are not allowed to be repainted.

Sensors prepared for paintwork must be painted before installation to ensure the function of the sensors over their service life. You can obtain sensors prepared for paintwork and painted sensors in various colours from your authorised repairer. Non-paintable sensors for grained bumper covers must not be painted.

The coat thickness of the whole painted surface on the membrane must not exceed 125 µm so that the sensor function is not impaired. This also applies to multiple paint systems and the cathodic dip coating (CDP coating). The thickness of the cathodic dip coating is between 14 µm and 22 µm.

To ensure that the sensors function correctly, the coat thickness must therefore be checked at random.

During painting, make sure that not only the membrane, but also the cylindrical sensor membrane edge is coated evenly with paint at least 2 mm all-round.

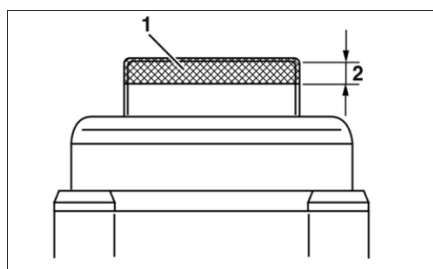


Fig. 1: Painting area of cylindrical sensor membrane edge

1 – Painting area

2 – Paint coat thickness max 125 µm



**Practical note**

The paint coat is not allowed to be sanded off mechanically. This could damage the chrome or CDP coat or the sensor membrane.

During the CDP primer process, the paint is not allowed to be removed chemically. This could damage the CDP coat and it can no longer be applied later on. Chemical or mechanical reworking is also not permitted.

**2.5.6 Earth points**

Use the earth points provided by Volkswagen for subsequent electrical add-ons or installations to ensure an optimum earth connection to the basic vehicle.

**Warning note**

The use of other earth points can lead to malfunctions in safety systems. This can lead to a failure of components or safety-relevant parts and to fault messages in the instrument cluster.

A maximum of 4 terminals may be connected to an earth point.  
The earth points of the safety systems are not allowed to be used for bodies.

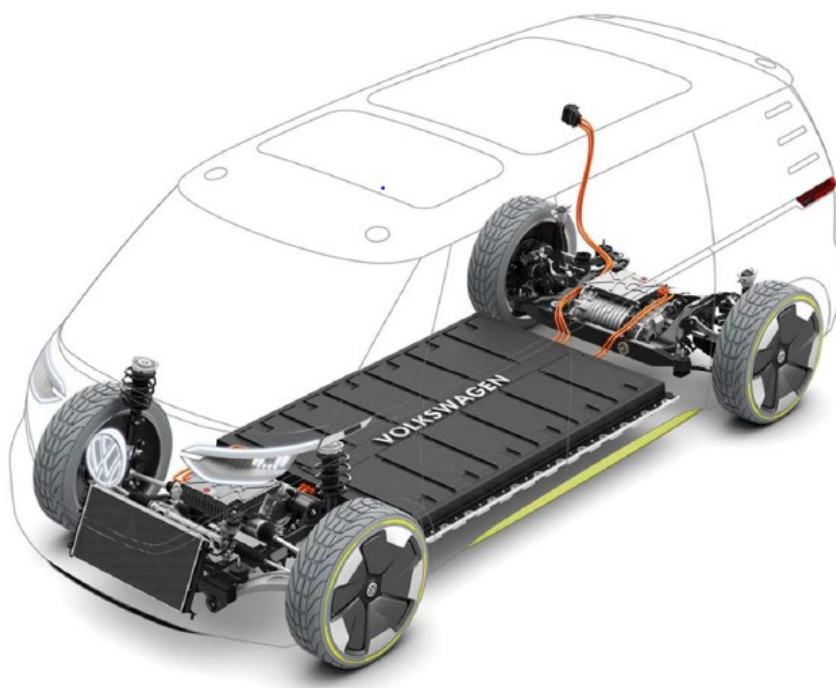
**Information**

A general overview and more detailed information on earth points can be found in the up-to-date current flow diagram on the **erWin\*** web page (**E**lectronic **R**epair and **W**orkshop **I**nformation from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

In the case of further requirements, please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for converter"](#)).

## 2.6 Battery and drive for electric vehicle



### Technical data

Gross capacity of high-voltage battery [kWh]:	63 / 84 / 91 (61*)		
Charging capacity [kW]:	max. charging capacity AC		11
	Max. DC charging capacity DC		up to 200
Drive:	rear wheels/all-wheel drive		
*Expected from the 4th quarter of 2025			

#### Practical note

Modifications to the electric drive system are not permitted. Solutions regarding engine speed control are not possible. Modifications to the cooling system (radiator, air intake, air ducts etc.) are not permitted. Cooling air inlet surfaces must be kept clear.

#### Warning note

Modifications to the electrical drive system can lead to the system ceasing to function properly. Control of the vehicle may be lost.

### 2.6.1 High-voltage system

The high-voltage system consists of the following components:

- High-voltage battery
- Power and control electronics for electric drive
- Front drive motor optional front + rear
- High-voltage air conditioner compressor
- High-voltage battery charging unit
- Voltage converter
- High-voltage battery charging socket
- Orange-coloured high-voltage wires and connectors
- High-voltage heater (PTC)

#### Information

The required safety notes can be requested. Please contact us (see [chapter 1.2.1 "Product and vehicle information for body builders"](#)).

#### Practical note

Modifications to the cooling and heating system and their components are not permitted.

All work carried out on the high-voltage system must be performed exclusively by a qualified workshop deploying suitably qualified and trained staff in accordance with Volkswagen's policies.

#### Warning note

Special safety notes must be observed when working on electric vehicles. Failure to observe safety notes can result in a fatal electric shock.

**Warning note**

The voltage within the high-voltage vehicle electrics and high-voltage battery is life-threatening!

Touching damaged orange-coloured high-voltage wires and high-voltage battery may result in a fatal electric shock. The high-voltage system may be active even if the ignition is switched off!

- Never carry out any work on the high-voltage vehicle electrics, orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery. Work on the high-voltage system may only be performed by qualified specialist companies with appropriate accreditation to perform such work.
- Never modify, damage, dismantle or disconnect from the high-voltage system any of the orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery.
- Work in close proximity to high-voltage components, high-voltage wires or high-voltage battery using machining, deforming or sharp-edged tools or heat sources, such as welding, soldering, hot-air or thermal bonding, may only be carried out if the voltage has been disconnected beforehand. The high-voltage battery cannot be de-energised. The high-voltage disconnection may only be performed by suitably qualified and trained specialist staff.
- If there is a fault in the high-voltage system, the drive is automatically deactivated where necessary, and a corresponding indicator may be displayed in the instrument cluster. Should this be the case, the drive will remain deactivated until the fault has been rectified by suitably qualified and trained specialist staff.
- The various Volkswagen policies must be observed when carrying out any work on the high-voltage vehicle electrics, including in particular on the orange-coloured high-voltage wires, high-voltage components or high-voltage battery.

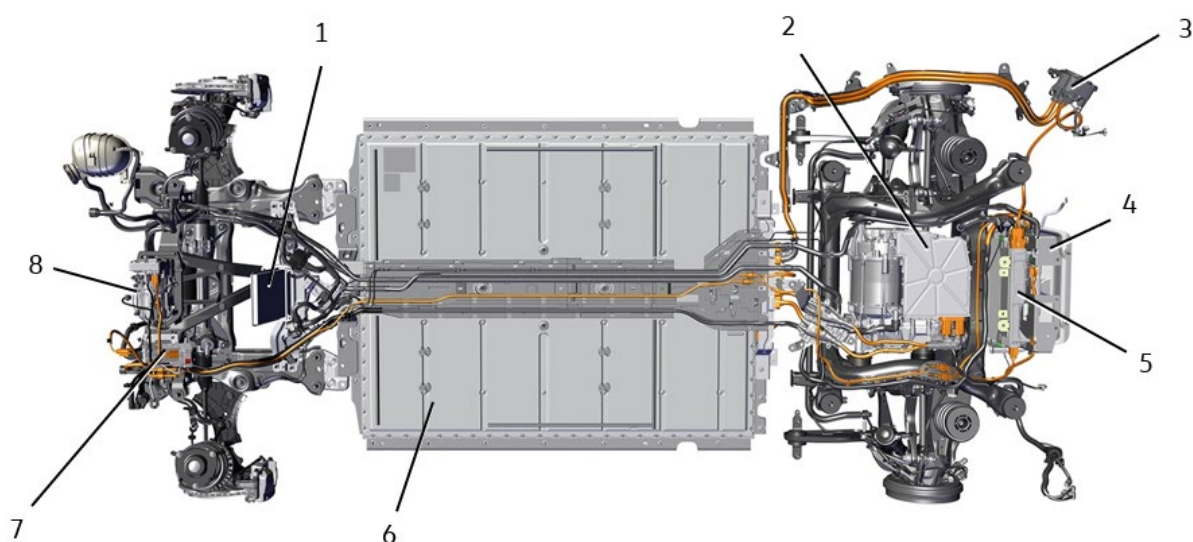


Fig. 1: High-voltage components ID. Buzz

- 1 - High-voltage heater (PTC)
- 2 - Power and control electronics for electric drive
- 3 - Charging socket for high-voltage battery charging
- 4 - Voltage converter
- 5 - High-voltage battery charging unit
- 6 - High-voltage battery
- 7 - Heater element (PTC)
- 8 - Air conditioning compressor

#### Practical note

Disconnect the battery prior to starting welding work. Airbags, seatbelts, the airbag control unit and airbag sensors shall be protected against welding beads, and removed if necessary.

No welding or processes that could produce sparks may be used in the underbody area, near the high-voltage components and the high-voltage battery.

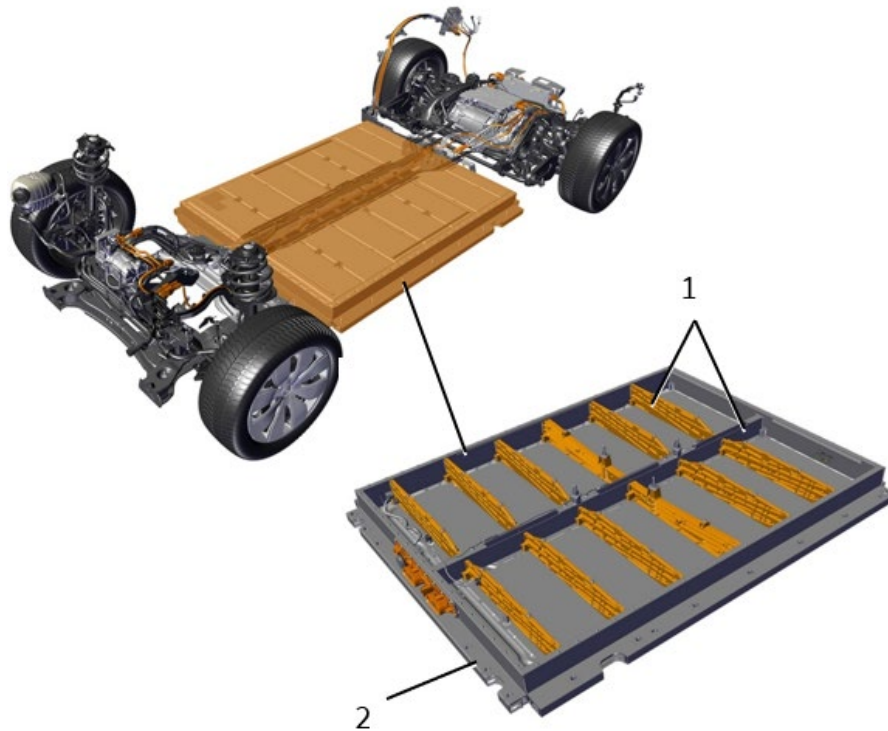


Fig. 2: High-voltage battery and battery housing ID. Buzz

1 - Internal reinforcement struts

2 - Aluminium direct extrusions

The high-voltage battery is installed underneath the vehicle between the axles.

The battery housing is made entirely of aluminium.

To protect the battery modules as well as possible in the event of an accident, extensive reinforcements are installed inside the housing both in the longitudinal and transverse directions. There are also additional transverse reinforcements under the housing.

The housing is surrounded on all sides by solid extruded aluminium profiles.

### Battery protection concept

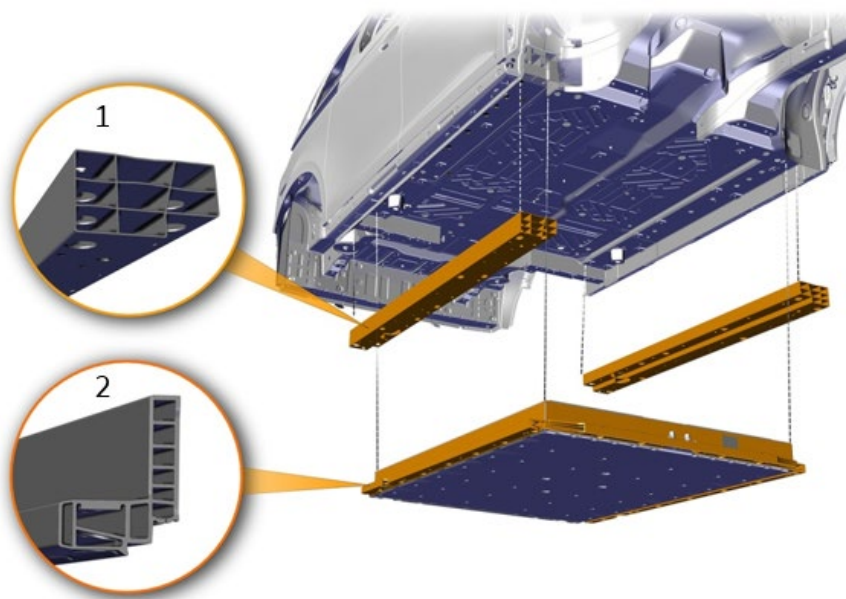


Fig. 3: Battery care concept ID. Buzz

- 1 - Reinforcements of the sill panel
- 2 - Reinforcements of the battery housing

To prevent the force flow from being channelled directly to the battery housing of the high-voltage battery in the event of a crash, the forces occurring during a frontal crash are transferred to the lower beams/sill panels, A-pillar and crash tubes in the doors via the longitudinal and cross members and the subframe.

To increase crash safety in the event of a side crash, reinforcements are fitted on the sill panel of the ID. Buzz.

### Body reinforcements

To increase crash safety in the event of a side crash, aluminium extrusion profiles are mounted to reinforce the sill panel of the ID. Buzz.

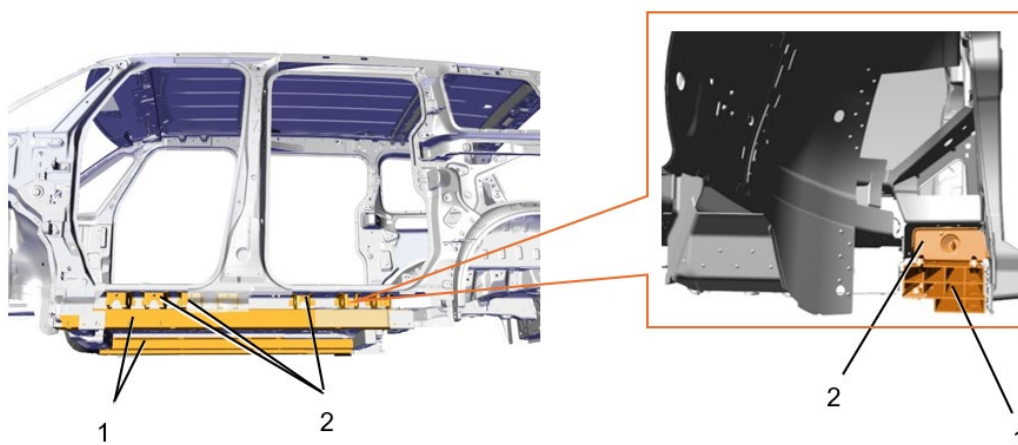


Fig. 4: Body reinforcements

- 1 - Bolted aluminium extrusion profile
- 2 - Impact absorber

### Warning note

The high-voltage battery is protected against mechanical influences by various design measures.

Changes to protective devices are not permissible.

### Side member trim

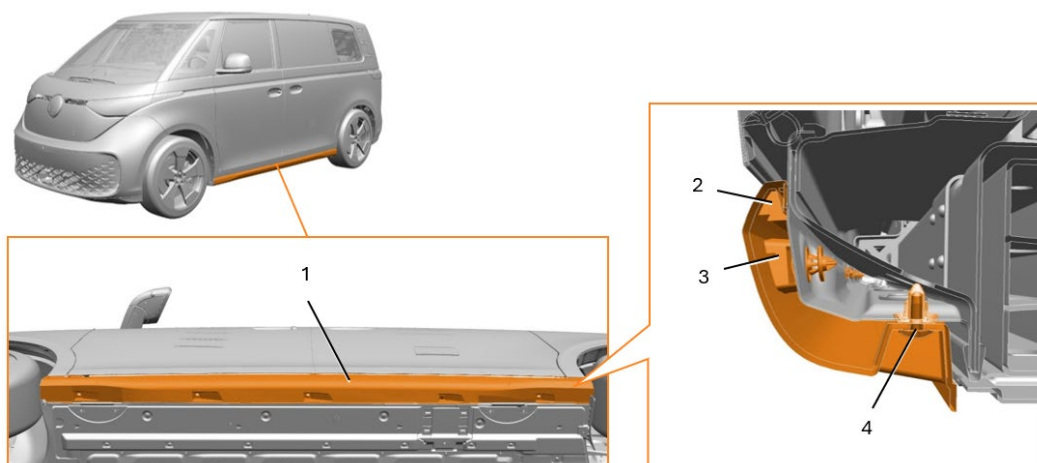


Fig. 5: Side member trim

- 1 – Side member trim
- 2 – Side bonding
- 3 – Clips
- 4 – Threaded connection

### Body reinforcements in the vehicle front end

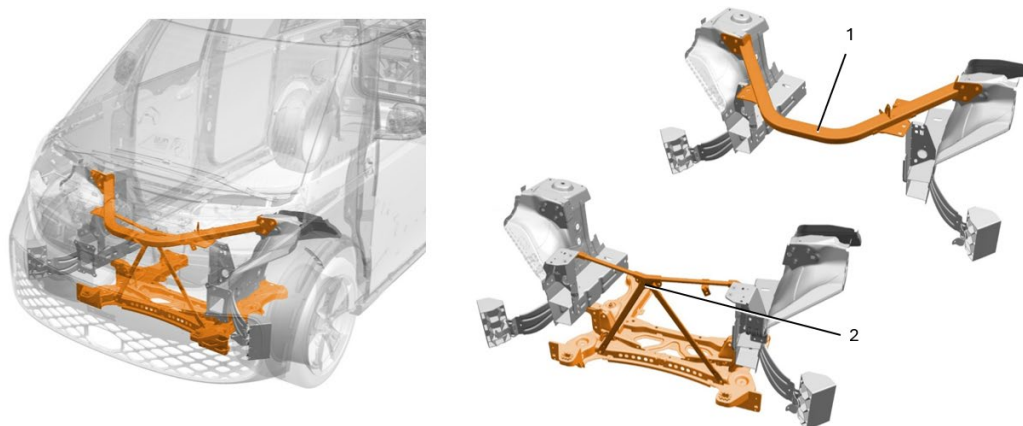


Fig. 6: Body reinforcements in the vehicle front end

- 1 – Crash bar
- 2 – Reinforcement struts

### Warning note

Modifications to the reinforcements on the vehicle front end may affect the crash behaviour and are therefore not permitted.



## 2.6.2 High-voltage battery charging

Position of the charging socket:



Fig. 1: Rear right charging socket position

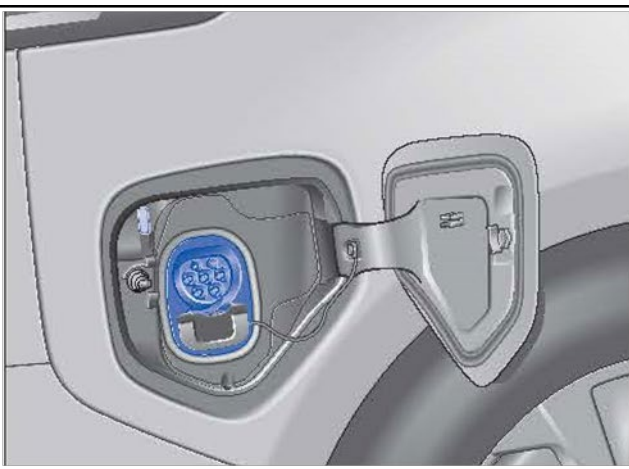


Fig. 2: DC/AC charging socket

The manual release for charging connector is located in the load compartment, behind the trim on the right:

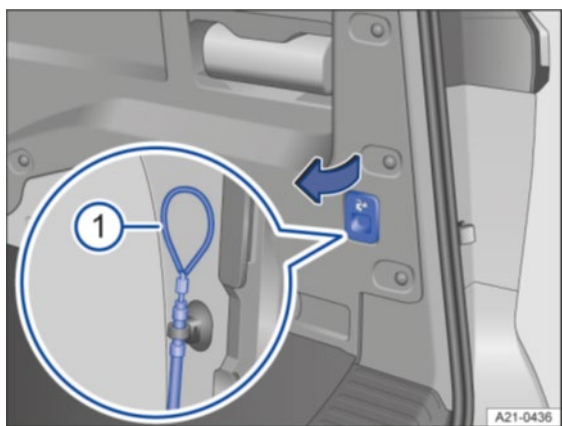


Fig. 3: Rear right side trim with cover for manual release mechanism for the charging connector

1 – Loop for manual release

### Practical note

After the conversion, access to the loop ① must be kept free in the load compartment and be able to be used by the vehicle user.

### Information

Information about the manual release for the charging connector can be found in your vehicle's Owner's Manual.

## Charging the vehicle with the emergency charging cable

### Information

In the case of an electrical extension independent of the basic vehicle with an external feed (230 V), simultaneous use of the emergency charging cable (AC charging of the HV battery) and an additional external feed (230 V) may cause the emergency charging cable to disconnect (dropping the AC charge)! This is caused by a potential difference between the PE lines (protective earth) of the two electrical supplies. The emergency charging cable has protective earth conductor monitoring and reacts to the potential difference. This can be remedied by charging the vehicle at an electric charging station/wallbox without using the emergency charging cable.



Fig. 4: Emergency charging cable for mains power sockets (schematic diagram)

## 2.7 Add-ons/units

### 2.7.1 Roof carriers

Roof loads raise the centre of gravity of the vehicle and lead to a high dynamic axle load shift. Also, there is greater body lean when driving on rough roads and when cornering. The vehicle handling is significantly impaired. For this reason, roof loads should be avoided if at all possible.

At least two base carriers are required to secure the roof load! In the case of very long objects, another base carrier must be used at the rear mounting point. The maximum permissible roof load of 100 kg must not be increased if another base carrier is added.

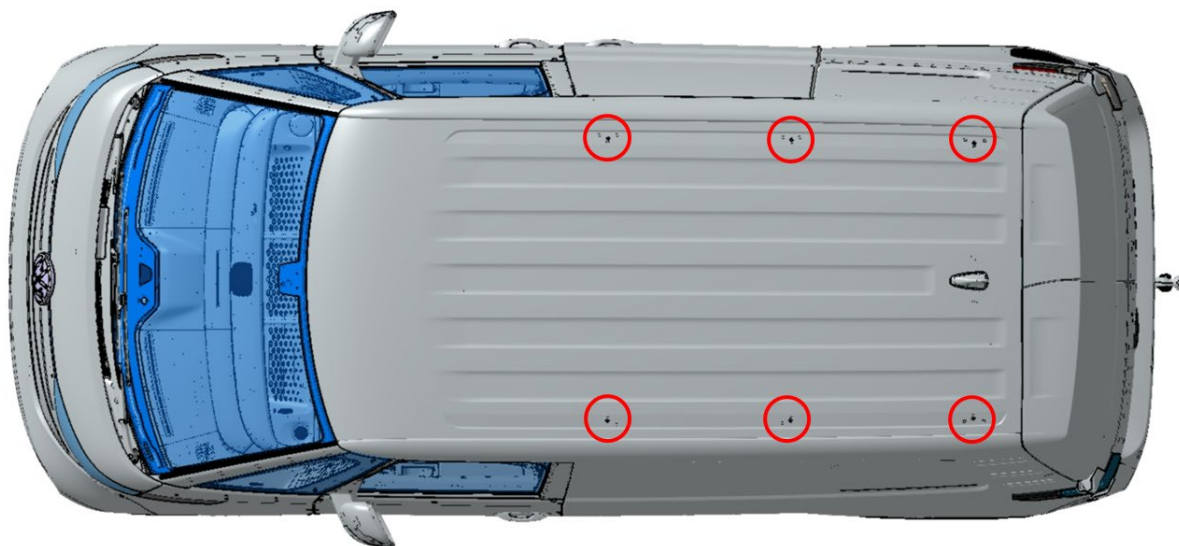


Fig. 1: Standard roof mounting points (schematic diagram)

## 2.7.2 Towing brackets

### 2.7.2.1 Maximum trailer weights

Only towing brackets approved by the factory are permitted to be used as hitches.

Towing brackets (ball hitches) can be ordered as optional equipment ex-works using the following PR number:

- 1M6 towing bracket, mechanically swivelling and electrically triggered
- Maximum trailer weight:
  - Unbraked 750 kg
  - Braked and with max. 12% hill climbing ability.
  - Rear-wheel drive (RWD) 4x2: 1,000-1,200 kg (depending on the engine)
- The maximum permitted draw bar weight is 75 kg
- The max. permitted gross combination weight specified in the papers must not be exceeded. The actual trailer weight is not allowed to exceed the gross vehicle weight of the towing vehicle.

### 2.7.2.2 Retrofitting a towing bracket

Comply with the following points when retrofitting a towing bracket:

- When fitting a ball coupling in the EU, the specified installation dimensions and clearances in the current version of UNECE-R55 must be observed. Any other applicable national regulations must be taken into account.
- The necessary clearance of the trailer behind the towing vehicle must be guaranteed (UNECE-R55).
- The vehicle shall be presented to a motor vehicle test centre with responsibility for this matter.
- No factory-fitted preparation for towing brackets is available.
- There are attachment points in the vehicle longitudinal members.
- The permitted gross combination weight must be ascertained prior to a retrofit.
- The standard towing bracket (swivelling, electrically extendable) is available as a retrofit kit, for vehicles already delivered, from the 2nd quarter of 2023. Please contact your Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles partner.
- The retrofit measures are managed via PR no. OD8.

#### Information

For retrofitted original Volkswagen ball couplings or ball couplings offered by Volkswagen Genuine Accessories, vehicle-and-trailer stabilisation can be activated in the vehicle. Please contact your Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles partner. The lighting unit on the trailer or carrier also works without activation.

## 2.8 Raising the vehicle

1. With lifting platforms

The vehicle is only allowed to be raised at the lifting points provided. Refer to the corresponding Workshop Manual for information about the lifting points.

2. With a jack

Procedure and jacking points for the jack can be found in the Owner's Manual.

## 3 Modifications to closed bodies

### 3.1 Interior

The following points shall be observed without fail for conversions:

- The driver and front passenger airbag units, the airbags and the belt tensioners are pyrotechnical objects. Their handling, transport and storage are subject to legislation on potentially explosive substances, and the responsible public authority or government agency shall therefore be notified. Purchase, transport, storage, installation and removal as well as disposal are only allowed to be performed by trained staff in accordance with the corresponding safety regulations.
- Modifications in the cockpit area and above the shoulder line must meet the criteria for head impact tests in UNECE-R21. This applies in particular to the deployment zones of airbags (wooden trim, additional installations, mobile telephone retainers, bottle holders etc.).
- Painting or surface treatment of the dash panel, steering wheel impact absorber and the tear seams of the airbags is not permitted.
- The permitted centre of gravity position and axle loads are not allowed to be exceeded.
- The interior fitting-out shall be configured with soft edges and surfaces.
- Installations shall be manufactured from flame-retardant materials, and be firmly installed.
- Unhindered access to the seats shall be guaranteed.
- No projecting parts, corners or edges that could cause injuries are allowed to be located in the area of the seats.

#### 3.1.1 Safety features

##### Warning note

In case of interventions by the converter in the structure of the vehicle, such as

- Modifications to the seats and consequently altered kinematics of the occupants in case of a crash
- Modifications to the vehicle structure at the front
- Installations of parts in the vicinity of the exit openings and the deployment range of the airbags (see Owner's Manual of the vehicle)
- Installation of third-party seats
- Modifications to the doors

the safe function of the front airbag, side airbag and belt tensioners is no longer guaranteed. This could result in personal injuries.

Vehicle components that cause vibration must not be assembled near the airbag control unit or the sensors. Modifications to the floor structure in the area of the airbag control unit or the sensors are also not permitted.

The ID. Buzz is equipped with head and side airbags in the first seat row in all equipment lines. The Cargo version of the double bench seat on the front passenger side has an optionally available side airbag.

In the second and third rows of seats, curtain airbags and seat belts are installed in the standard equipment for all vehicles.

**Important:**

Please note that deactivation of the side airbag causes the airbag warning light in dash panel to light up continuously. Information about the deployment zones of the airbags can be found the vehicle Owner's Manual.

The position of the safety systems in the vehicle is shown in the following with 3 illustrations!

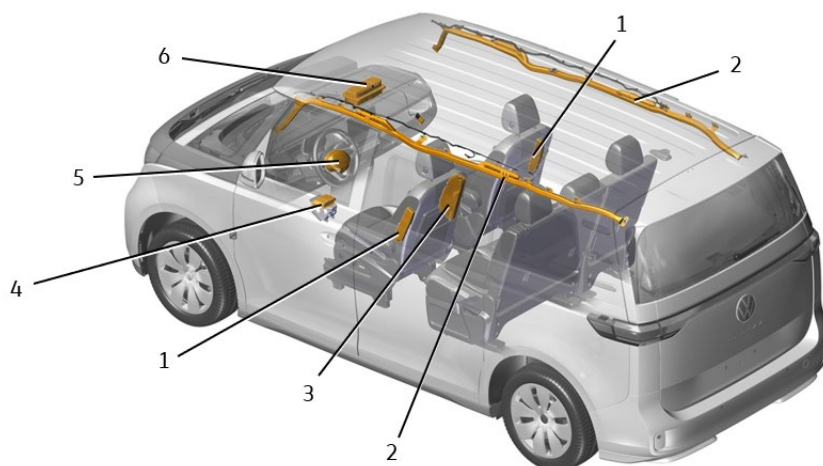
**a) Airbags**

Fig. 1: Overview of airbags in the ID. Buzz

- 1 - Side airbag
- 2 - Curtain airbag
- 3 - Centre airbag in the driver's seat
- 4 - Airbag control unit
- 5 - Single-stage driver airbag
- 6 - Single-stage passenger airbag with deactivation switch

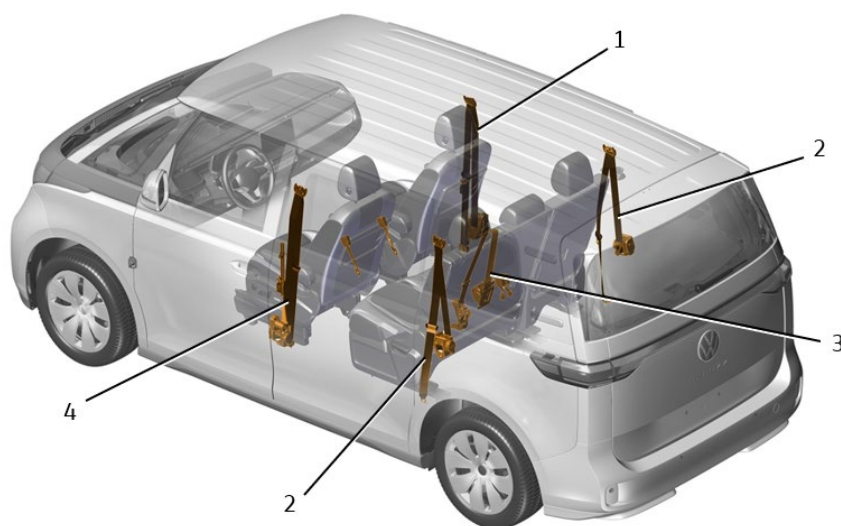
**b) Seat belt systems**

Fig. 2: Overview of belt systems on the ID. Buzz

- 1 - Seat belt system first seat row passenger side
- 2 - Seat belt system second seat row outer seat
- 3 - Seat belt system second seat row inner seat of the double bench seat
- 4 - Seat belt system first seat row driver side

## c) Crash sensors

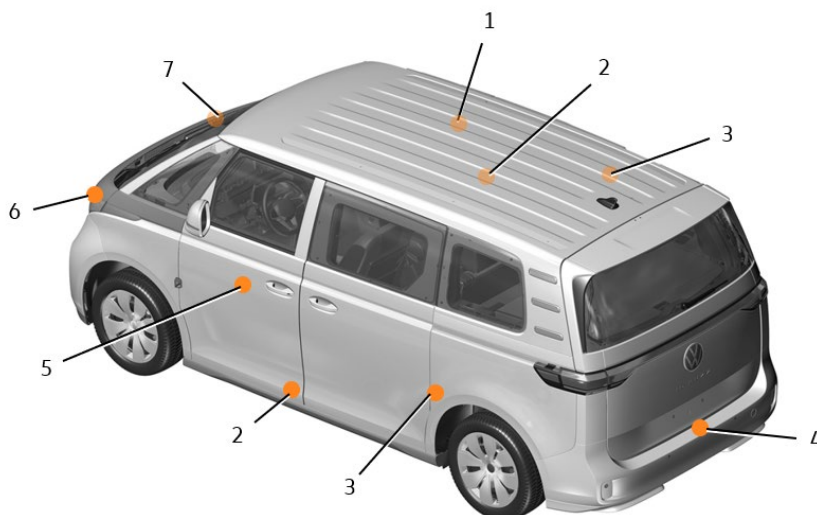


Fig. 3: Overview of crash sensors in the ID. Buzz

- 1 - Pressure sensor, right door
- 2 - Side crash sensor, B-pillar
- 3 - Side crash sensor, rear
- 4 - Crash sensor for rear impact
- 5 - Pressure sensor, left door
- 6 - Crash sensor for front airbag, left
- 7 - Crash sensor for front airbag, right

## 3.1.2 Retrofitting and removal of standard seats

- The strength data for seats available ex works is only valid in conjunction with the series attachment system.
- It is not possible to retrofit additional standard seats.
- If necessary, the functions of the airbags with belt tensioners and the seat-occupied recognition system for the passenger seat can be deactivated by the Volkswagen authorised workshop.

## 3.1.2.1 Seat-occupied recognition system

The vehicle is equipped with a seat-occupied recognition system in all seats (driver's compartment/passenger compartment).

## Warning note

When the seat belts and seats are re-fitted, the prescribed bolts must be used and tightened to the original torque.

You will find detailed information on torques in the Workshop Manuals.

Only fit seat covers or protective covers that have been expressly approved for use in this vehicle. When unsuitable seat covers are used, the airbags in the backrests cannot deploy optimally to protect the occupants.



### Information

Volkswagen AG repair and workshop information can be downloaded from the Internet at **erWin\*** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

Or contact your Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles partner.

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 3.1.2.2 Installation of aftermarket product seats or use of standard seats deviating from the standard seating

As an alternative to the instructions in [chapter 3.1.2](#), seats can also be installed with the following prerequisites:

- The strength data for seats available ex works is only valid in conjunction with the series attachment system.
- A seat deviating from the standard seating must be equipped with 3-point belts. Seat units without seat belts, or with two-point belts are not permitted.
- Seats and safety belts and their fastenings must be tested or approved in accordance with the laws, directives and approval regulations that apply in the countries of registration.
- It is essential not to exceed the height of the centre of gravity (H-point) when retrofitting seats. Refer to the build dimension drawings for more information and current documentation regarding the position of the H-point.
- If seat belts and belt buckles other than those available ex works are installed, ensure that all registration-related regulations are observed. (Please also refer to [chapter 2.4.2.1 "Belt anchors"](#).)

### Warning note

Seats must not be attached to the wheel housing. This also applies to wheel housings that are lowered. Otherwise damage could be caused to the vehicle (e.g. wheel housing and tyres) and accidents could result. If seats other than those available from the factory are installed with factory seat belts, only belt locks may be used that fit with the buckles on the factory seat belts. Otherwise the seat belt cannot be locked in the belt lock as intended and persons could be injured in the event of an accident.

### Practical note

Modifications to the original series production condition can result in the withdrawal of type approval. Country-specific laws, directives and approval regulations shall be observed!

**Practical note**

According to UN R 16, seat belt warning devices are mandatory for all seats. When retrofitting seat systems, the converter must ensure that this warning device is also installed for the retrofitted seat systems.

**3.1.3 Changes to the roof of the ID. Buzz / ID. Buzz Cargo**

If changes are made to the roof structure of the ID. Buzz / ID. Buzz Cargo, the following points must be observed:

- The all-round concept must be retained, and adequate replacement rigidity must be guaranteed.
- The replacement rigidity of the new roof structure shall correspond to that of the standard roof.
- Impairment of the function of the rain/light sensor as well as the front camera in the windscreen, e.g. due to overhangs, is not permitted.
- Attachments similar to the roof rack are possible for subsequent attachment of add-ons.
- Following all conversion and installation work on the vehicle, surface and corrosion protection must be checked at the affected points and reworked as necessary.

**Information**

You will find further information on body assembly work on the Internet at **erWin (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG)**:  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 3.1.4 Subsequent roof cut-outs

Roof cut-outs as a preparation for subsequent mounting of tilting, pop-up and high roofs are currently not available ex-works.

Roof cut-outs are only possible between the cross struts and the side roof frames (see Fig. 1 for details).

No roof loads according to [chapter 2.3.1 "Roof loads"](#) are possible if there is a roof cut-out that impinges on the cross struts.

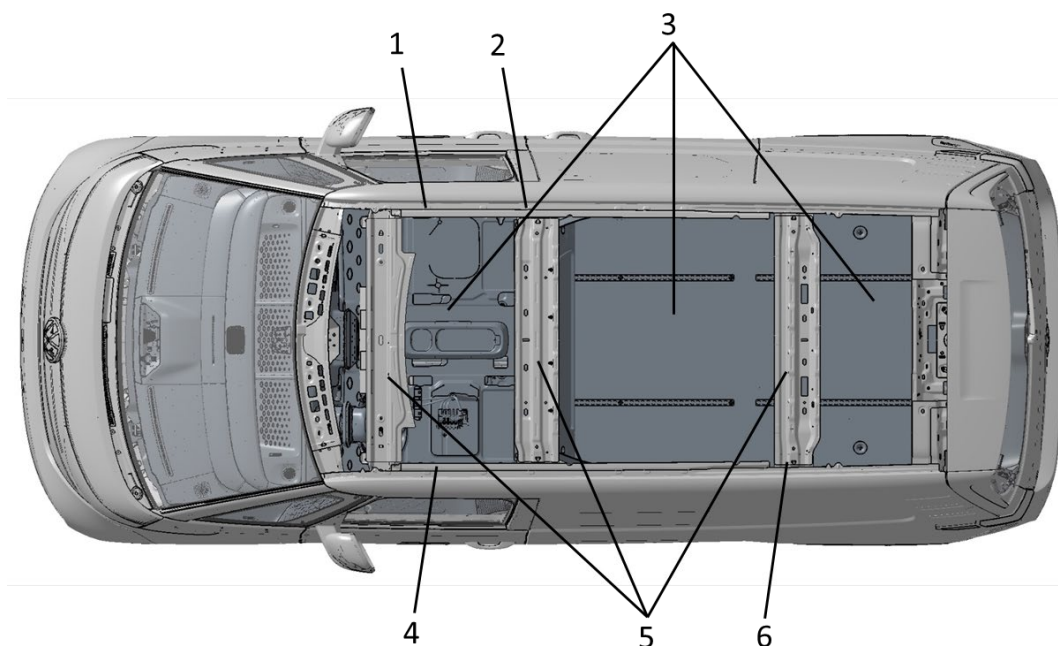


Fig. 1: Subsequent roof cut-outs (schematic diagram)

- 1 - Roof frame, right
- 2 - B-pillar
- 3 - The roof cut-out must be provided with an all-round frame having a force-locking connection with the adjacent weight-bearing parts (cross strut and windscreen frame).
- 4 - Roof frame, left
- 5 - Roof cross strut
- 6 - C-pillar

For more information about the conversion, see the following chapters:

- [2.2.1 "Permitted weights and kerb weights"](#)
- [3.1.3 "Changes to the roof of the ID. Buzz / ID. Buzz Cargo"](#)
- [3.1.6 "Subsequent installation of windows"](#)
- [3.1.7 "Modifying the partition/forced ventilation"](#)

#### Information

You will find further information on body assembly work on the Internet at **erWin** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

#### Warning note

Processing the roof frame in the area of the head airbag is not permitted!

### 3.1.5 Side wall cut-outs

The structure and floor panel of the ID. Buzz / ID. Buzz Cargo form a self-supporting unit. Weight-bearing parts of this self-supporting unit are not allowed to be removed without replacement. Partitions have no function with respect to body stiffness. They can be modified as far as removing them entirely.

Cut-outs for windows, flaps, ventilation openings etc. are only allowed to be made between the weight-bearing parts (pillars, roof frame and floor). Weight-bearing parts are not allowed to be cut into or weakened. The cut-outs must be provided with a continuous frame which has a force-locking connection to the adjacent weight-bearing parts.

#### Warning note

Processing the roof frame in the area of the head airbag is not permitted!

#### Information

You will find further information on body assembly work on the Internet at **erWin\*** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 3.1.6 Subsequent installation of windows

If windows are retrofitted in the side wall and/or sliding door of the ID. Buzz Cargo, the following points must be observed:

- The erWin\* Workshop Manual for the ID. Buzz must be observed.
- The cut-out may only be made in an area that is a single sheet thickness.
- No weight-bearing parts are allowed to be cut into or weakened.
- The existing supporting adhesive between the body flange and the inside of body must be removed and replaced with a suitable body adhesive. Alternatively, body panel and flange joined to the body flange by spot welding.
- The strength lost due to the cut-out in the body panel, must be restored. To do this, it is advisable to use the standard glass panel of the ID. Buzz with an adhesive system approved by Volkswagen.
- Observe the regulations for exterior design that apply in the countries of registration.

#### Information

For detailed instructions about the installation and removal of windows, refer to the workshop manuals of Volkswagen AG on the Internet under **erWin** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information of Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 3.1.7 Modifying the partition/forced ventilation

Partitions have no function with respect to body stiffness. Partition walls can be removed entirely or in part in the panel van unless this is not allowed by accident prevention regulations or country-specific regulations. Any sharp edges resulting from removing the partition must be covered by taking suitable measures, e.g. edge protection sections (see [Chapter 1.2.9 "Accident prevention"](#)).

The following partitions are available ex works as special equipment for the Cargo variant:

PR number	Description
3CF	Partition without window and without load-through hatch
3CG	Partition with fixed window and without load-through hatch
3CM	Partition without window and with load-through hatch
3CT	Partition with fixed window and with load-through hatch

If installing alternative partitions, make sure that the selected forced ventilation cross sections correspond to those of the factory-fitted partition.

This is important in several respects:

- Closing comfort of the doors
- Possible flow rate of the heating blower
- Pressure equalisation on airbag deployment

The installed partition should have a factory label for clear identification.

If the partition is located behind the first seat row (driver's compartment), bear the possible seat adjustment range in mind. It is recommended to use the standard contact points and connecting elements.

The partition should be adequately stable and acoustically insulated with regard to acoustic comfort.

The strength of the partition must be validated according to DIN ISO 27956, irrespective of the country in which the vehicle is to be marketed. Although validation according to this standard is not legally binding, it is a requirement of trade associations if the vehicle is used for commercial purposes.

You will find further information on the standard contact points as well as assembling and removing the standard partition in the Volkswagen AG Workshop Manuals.

#### Information

Volkswagen AG Workshop Manuals and workshop information can be downloaded from the Internet at **erWin\*** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 3.1.8 Lashing rails

To ensure the secure attachment of cargo and installations, ordering the lashing rails available as optional equipment from the factory is recommended in addition to the fastening rings. The following equipment is available:

PR number	Description	Max. permitted nominal pulling force [daN]*
IH1	C-rails on the side panel and storage bag	150
IH2	C-rails on the partition	150
IH3	C-rails on side wall, partition and stowage pocket	150
6L2	C-rails on side wall and partition	150
6L6	C-rails on side wall	150

\*1 daN (Decanewton) equals 10 N

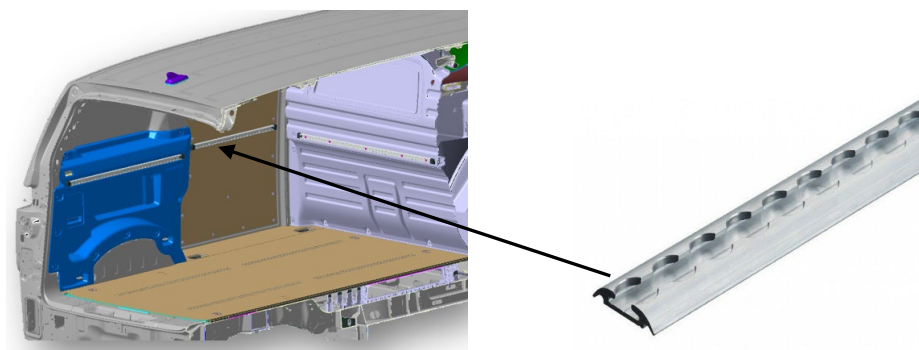


Fig. 1: Rail partition assembly (lashing rails on the partition and the side parts)

#### Practical note

When securing cargo, and when using the lashing rails and the fastening rings fitted ex-works, please observe the information in your vehicle's Owner's Manual.

#### 3.1.8.1 Retrofitting lashing rails

Options for retrofitting the standard parts

Lashing rail:

##### 1. On the partition:

The lashing rail is attached to the partition with special screws directly at the separation between upper and lower part.



Fig. 1: Partition

## 2. In the middle of the side wall:

Screw connections are made directly through the trim into the body.

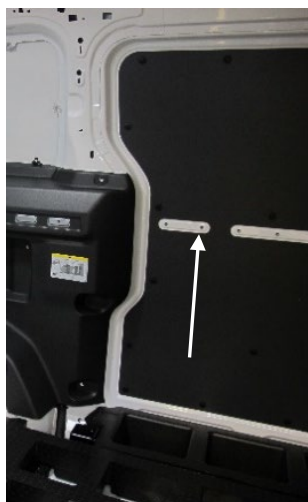


Fig. 2: Side wall centre

## 3. On the rear left/right side walls:

A special rework (cut-outs) on the trim and the assembly of a special holder for the connection between the lashing rail and the body are required.

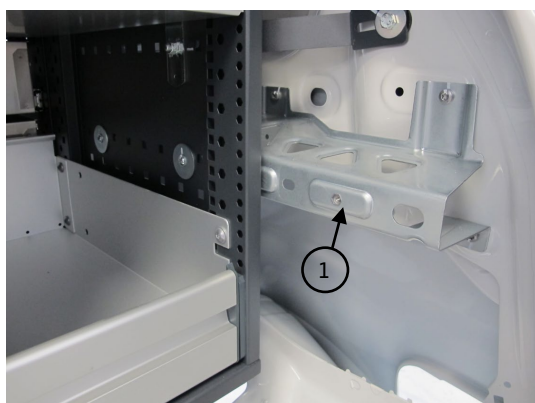


Fig. 3: (Schematic diagram) Screw-on surface on the reinforcement

1 - Screw-on surface of the reinforcement

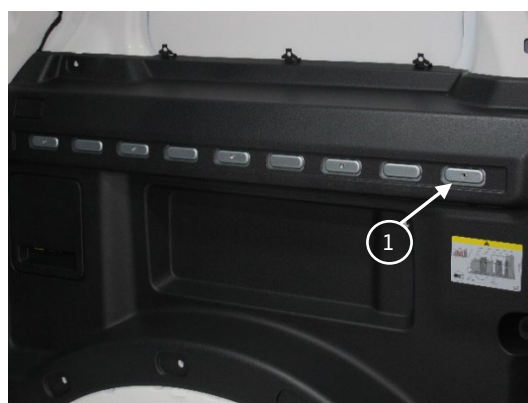


Fig. 4: Screw-on surface on the reinforcement

For further information on retrofitting the scopes shown, please contact your Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles partner.

### Practical note

The retrofitting of lashing rails may only be carried out in the areas of the partition and the vehicle side wall provided for this purpose.

### Information

Volkswagen AG repair and workshop information can be downloaded from the Internet at **erWin\*** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):  
<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

### 3.1.9 Universal floor

In addition to the standard flooring, a universal wooden floor with lashing rails (PR no. 5BM) is available ex works as additional equipment for the ID. Buzz Cargo.

In combination with a partition, the universal wooden floor is intended for the commercial transport of goods or for the installation of a workshop or shelf system but cannot be used for the installation of seating systems.

The wooden floor consists of a base plate made out of plywood, which is installed floating in the vehicle floor. The base plate is fixed by plate-shaped mounting elements in the positions of the original lashing points and additional points in the body. The original lashing points are still usable as such.

In addition, the floor-mounted cabinet systems from the various manufacturers must also be fastened on the sides. The side mounting of the rack and cabinet installations to the body must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the rack and cabinet manufacturer.

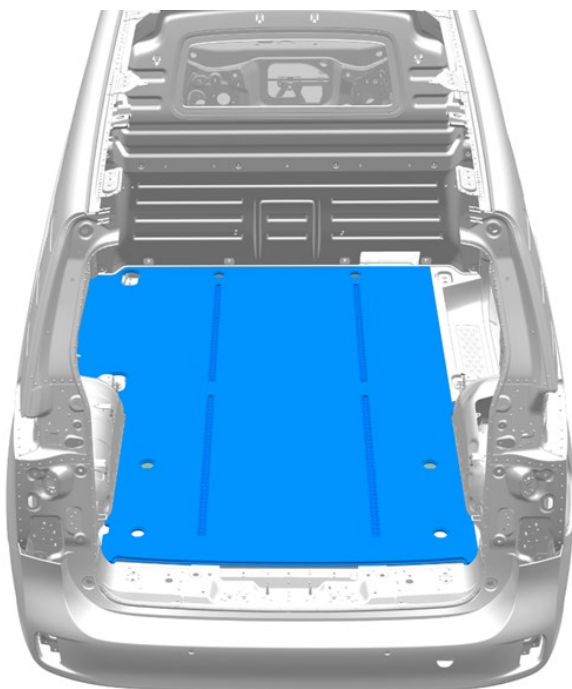


Fig. 1: Universal wooden floor with lashing rails, shown here: Cargo version with the sliding door on the right.

PR number	Description	Max. permitted nominal pulling force [daN]*
5BM	C-rails in the universal floor	350
Standard	Fastening rings in the vehicle floor	350
Standard	Fastening rings on the wheel housing/sliding door opening	130

\*1 daN (decanewton) corresponds to 10 N



**Practical note**

When securing cargo, and when using the lashing rails in the vehicle floor and the fastening rings fitted ex-works, please observe the information in your vehicle's Owner's Manual.

Please also note that the crash behaviour of installations depends on the connection to the vehicle floor, the side panels, and the distribution of the loads.

Please also comply with the following chapters:

- [3.1.10 "Shelf installation / workshop installation"](#)
- [1.3.2 "Vehicle modifications"](#)

**3.1.10 Shelf installation / workshop installation**

For shelf and workshop installations, the following points must be observed:

1. Selection of a suitable base vehicle (gross vehicle weight rating, running gear, equipment).
2. When the vehicle is used commercially, the driver's compartment and load compartment must be separated by means of a retaining device (partition, load guard) in accordance with DIN ISO 27956.
3. We recommend observing the additional points when assembling installations/shelving systems, etc.:
  - When ordering a new vehicle, also order the lashing rails on the partition and the side panels from the additional equipment programme. The lashing rails can be retrofitted as original parts on vehicles that have already been delivered. See also [chapter 3.1.8 "Lashing rails"](#).
  - In addition to the lashing points, there are also a number of screw points in the vehicle floor which are suitable for fastening installations. See the illustrations below.
  - In addition to the standard floor covering, a universal wooden floor with lashing rails (PR-No. 5BM) is available as optional equipment. See also [chapter 3.1.9 "Universal floor"](#).
  - If additional mounting points for the installations are selected above or below the lashing rails on the inner body panel, fitting stable insert plates behind the body panel to ensure force distribution around the mounting points is recommended. See Figure 5 below.
4. The maximum permitted weights and axle loads of the basic vehicle must be observed (see [chapter 2.2.1 "Permitted weights and kerb weights"](#)).
5. The installation should take place in a way that ensures that the forces induced are evenly distributed.
6. The permissible forces with which the fastening rings and the lashing rails can be loaded can be found in the current Owner's Manual.
7. The vehicle structure must not be weakened by the installations in the event of an accident.
8. The regulations and standards for load securing in the countries of registration must be observed.
9. The maximum load of drawers and shelves (taking dynamic forces into account) must be marked or indicated in the Owner's Manual. The Owner's Manual must be provided with the vehicle.
10. Assembly, maintenance and Owner's Manuals specifying the load limits should accompany the modified vehicle.
11. All corners and edges of the installations with which the user can come into contact must be designed with sufficiently large radii and chamfers to avoid injury.
12. Following all work to the body, drilling chips should be removed and corrosion protection measures should be performed. (see [chapter 2.3.2 "Modifications to the body-in-white"](#)).
13. The requirements of the converter guidelines for electrical wiring and fuses must be observed.
14. Conversion should only be performed by trained specialist personnel.
15. During installation and conversion, no electric wires or other components of the basic vehicle (e.g. electrical wiring, fuel tank, brake lines) must be damaged.

16. "Sufficient ventilation" of the load compartment must be ensured in vehicles intended for the transportation of gas cylinders for work purposes. Diagonal ventilation, usually from the front at the top (roof), to the rear at the bottom (floor or side wall at the bottom) is considered "sufficient".

For more information about the conversion, see the following chapters:

- [1.3.2 "Vehicle modifications"](#)
- [3.1.8 "Lashing rails"](#)
- [3.1.9 "Universal floor"](#)
- [3.1.11 "Areas for ventilation in the floor panel"](#)

#### Information

In addition to the fastening rings in the body, the lashing rails on the side wall, the wooden floor in the load compartment or the universal floor with lashing rails, which are available as an option, are also to be used for the assembly and secure fastening of shelves and workshop installations.

#### Practical note

Attention: In the case of bolted connections in the vehicle floor, the maximum screw-in depth must be observed to prevent damaging the vehicle components underneath.

#### Warning note

All relevant safety regulations for the transport of gas cylinders must be complied with.

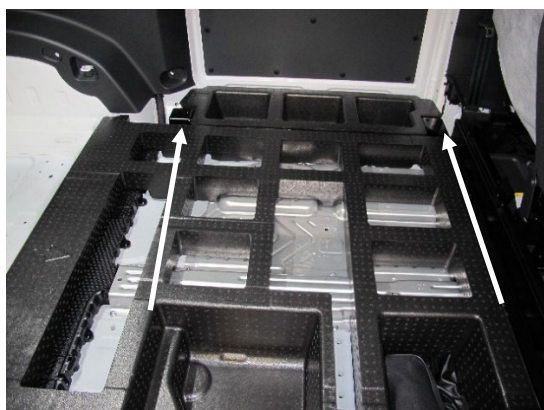


Fig. 1: Position of bolted connection points for lashing eyes

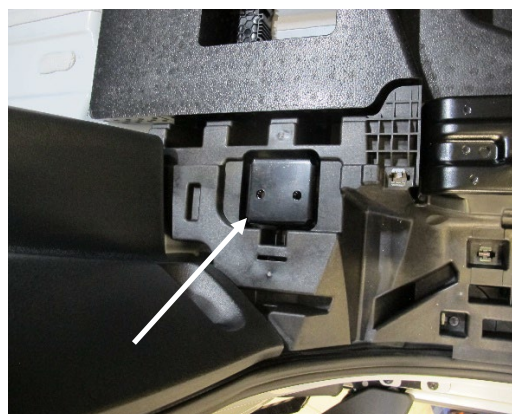


Fig. 2: Bolted connection point for lashing eye



Fig. 3: View of lashing points and bolted connection points

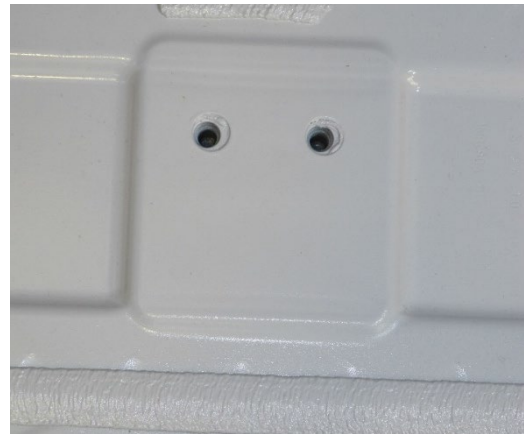


Fig. 4: Bolted connection points in the vehicle floor

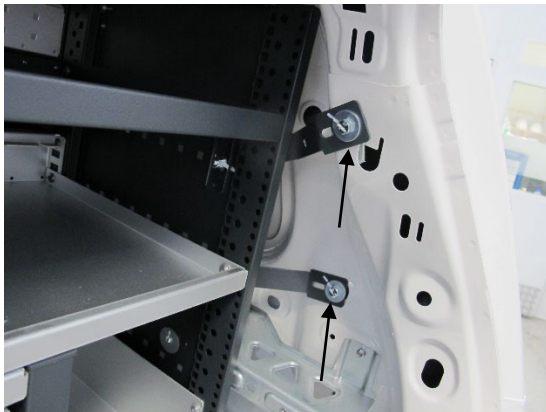


Fig. 5 Schematic diagram, view of a bolted connection on the inner panel with stable lining mat

### 3.1.11 Areas for ventilation in the floor panel

If special use of the vehicle requires ventilation in the area of the floor panel, making the cut-outs in the marked areas is recommended. See Fig. 1.

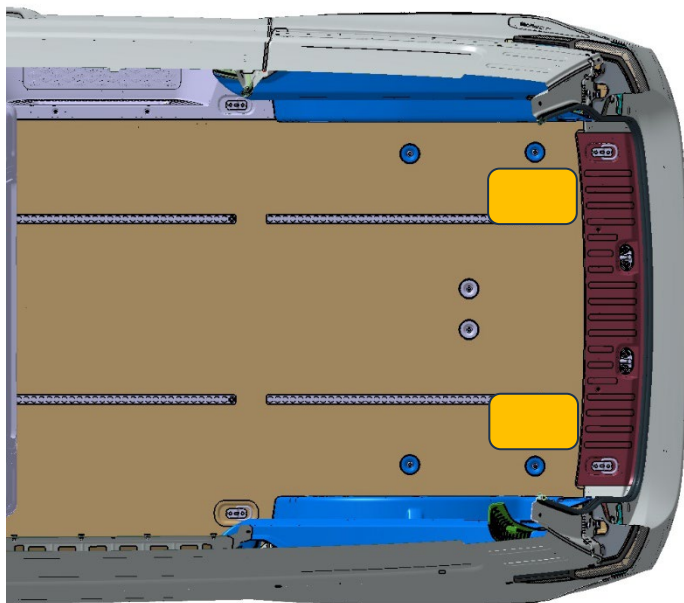


Fig. 1 Top view of vehicle rear with floor covering with areas marked in orange

The areas marked in orange are suitable for the installation of a floor fan.

#### Practical note

Before making the openings in the floor panel, ensure that no components, cables or lines are damaged or severed in the process.

A careful inspection of the installation space in the area of the vent opening using CAD data and on the vehicle is recommended.

Please also observe the following chapters:

- [1.3.2 "Vehicle modifications"](#)
- [2.3.2 "Modifications to the body-in-white"](#)
- [2.3.2.14 "Work on the vehicle"](#)
- [3.1.10 "Shelf installation / workshop vehicles"](#)

## 4 Implementations of special bodies

### 4.1 Motor vehicles for the transport of persons with disabilities (KMP)

#### Information

Information on special bodies for motor vehicles for the transport of persons with disabilities can be found on the Volkswagen AG website at <https://www.volkswagen-nutzfahrzeuge.de/de/modelle/branchenloesungen-und-umbauten/menschen-mit-behinderung.html>

#### 4.1.1 Basic vehicle equipment

When planning the special vehicle, select the equipment of the basic vehicle according to the requirements of the future application (see also [chapter 1.3.1 "Selecting the basic vehicle"](#)).

Please note that certain conversions are only allowed to be used by people with corresponding entries in their driving licence.

#### Practical note

If the driver does not leave the vehicle through the driver or passenger door, fault messages may occur after several driving cycles due to the safety concept. For this reason, Volkswagen recommends briefly opening and closing the driver door when leaving the vehicle after unbuckling to avoid fault entries.

Before using the vehicle, please familiarise yourself with all functions and special features of the vehicle by carefully reading the Owner's Manual. If you have any questions, please contact your Volkswagen authorised workshop.

#### 4.1.2 Notes on installing manual operating devices for the foot brake

- Do not modify the brake pedal when installing manual operating devices. Select a clamped solution for connecting the manual operating device.
- The operating travel of the manual operating device must also be sufficient for a blocking braking, with reserve travel for a circuit failure.
- If a manual operating device is used for the accelerator and brake, the standard pedals must be covered by suitable means.

#### **4.1.3 Deactivating the airbag/belt tensioner system**

The customer service workshop can also deactivate/reprogram the driver airbag/belt tensioner in exceptional cases – e.g. for drivers with a disability (with entry in the driving licence), if there is insufficient distance to the steering wheel or if a smaller steering wheel for wheelchair users is fitted (self-drive) and no airbag can be installed. For more information, please contact Volkswagen customer service.

## 5 Technical data

### 5.1 Dimension drawings

Please refer to our build dimension drawings for the dimensions of the new ID. Buzz.

They are available for download in DXF, TIFF and PDF format at the Customized Solution portal of Volkswagen AG. All files (except PDFs) are packed as Zip archives. The files can be unpacked using Winzip (PC) or Ziplt (MAC).

#### Information

Current build dimension drawings are available for downloading from the CustomizedSolution portal of Volkswagen AG under the "Technical drawings" menu item.

## 5.2 Diagrams (foil templates)

Vehicle views of the ID. Buzz in 1:20 scale are available for download in TIF, DXF and EPS format to help you create diagrams. All files are packed as Zip archives. The files can be unpacked using Winzip (PC) or Ziplt (MAC).

### Information

Current diagrams are available for downloading from the CustomizedSolution portal of Volkswagen AG under the "Foil templates" menu item.



## 5.3 Current flow diagrams

For detailed information about this topic, refer to the Workshop Manuals and current flow diagrams of Volkswagen AG.

### Information

Volkswagen AG Workshop Manuals and current flow diagrams can be downloaded from the internet at **erWin\*** (Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG):

<https://volkswagen.erwin-store.com/erwin/showHome.do>

\*Information system from Volkswagen AG, subject to payment

## 5.4 CAD models

As a registered converter, you can receive 3-D data models in the formats CATIA V.5 and STEP for design purposes.

### Information

The available 3D data can be found on the CustomizedSolution portal of Volkswagen AG under "Technical information/CAD data"\*.

\*Registration required.

## 6 Weights (masses)

When ordering your vehicle, please note that the kerb weight increases when additional equipment is selected and the available payload capacity is therefore reduced.

Due to the continual changes to the base vehicle, all vehicle weights are available via the country-specific sales documents on the Internet or via the Customized Solution portal ([www.customized-solution.com](http://www.customized-solution.com)).

We recommend determining the definitive kerb weight of the entire vehicle by weighing before the conversion.

For further questions, please contact your Volkswagen Commercial Vehicles dealer, your importer or our Customer Care ([see chapter 1.2.1.1 "Contact in Germany", 1.2.1.2 "International contact"](#)).

### Practical note

For vehicle earth/dimensions, the following weight tolerances apply:

- 3% for vehicle classes M/N (except vehicles with special intended use)
- 5% for vehicles with special intended use

# 7 Notes on homologation of equipping and conversions

## 7.1 Availability with complete Certificate of Conformity\* ex works



Applies to	ID. Buzz, ID. Buzz Cargo
Drive type:	Rear, all-wheel drive
Body	closed
Type approval:	Light Duty, Heavy Duty
WLTP calculator:	Calculation of conversions (WLTP calculator) possible
Calculable dimensions:	Vehicle mass in ready-to-drive state

Calculation of weight-relevant conversions for vehicles with Light Duty approval is possible in the WLTP calculator.

Information

Valid for the approved drive versions (see offer for countries).

The max. values depend on the drive/weight combination.

Information

For all conversions carried out on vehicles with light-duty or heavy-duty approval for which no values can currently be generated using the WLTP calculator, and all conversions affecting aerodynamics, please contact your responsible technical service department and check whether individual approval or multi-stage type approval is possible.

\*CoC Certificate of Conformity

## 8 List of changes

Changes to the body builder guidelines compared to the data status of September 2024.

Chapter no.	Chapter heading	Scope of change
<a href="#">1</a>	General information	
<a href="#">1.1</a>	Introduction	
<a href="#">1.1.1</a>	Concept of this Owner's Manual	
<a href="#">1.1.2</a>	Means of representation	
<a href="#">1.1.3</a>	Vehicle safety	
<a href="#">1.1.4</a>	Operational safety	
<a href="#">1.1.5</a>	Note on copyright	
<a href="#">1.2</a>	General information	
<a href="#">1.2.1</a>	Product and vehicle information for body builders	
<a href="#">1.2.1.1</a>	Contact in Germany	
<a href="#">1.2.1.2</a>	International contact	
<a href="#">1.2.1.3</a>	Electronic Repair and Workshop Information from Volkswagen AG (erWin)	
<a href="#">1.2.1.4</a>	Genuine Parts Online – Ordering Portal	
<a href="#">1.2.1.5</a>	Online Owner's Manual	
<a href="#">1.2.1.6</a>	European Type Approval (ETA) and Certificate of Conformity (CoC)	
<a href="#">1.2.1.7</a>	Worldwide Harmonised Light Vehicles Test Procedure (WLTP)	
<a href="#">1.2.1.8</a>	Homologation	
<a href="#">1.2.1.9</a>	Manufacturer's declaration	
<a href="#">1.2.2</a>	Body builder guidelines, consulting	
<a href="#">1.2.2.1</a>	Letter of non-objection	
<a href="#">1.2.2.2</a>	Application for the letter of non-objection	
<a href="#">1.2.2.3</a>	Legal entitlements	
<a href="#">1.2.3</a>	Warranty and product liability of the body builder	
<a href="#">1.2.4</a>	Ensuring traceability	
<a href="#">1.2.5</a>	Badges	
<a href="#">1.2.5.1</a>	Positions on rear of the vehicle	
<a href="#">1.2.5.2</a>	Appearance of whole vehicle	
<a href="#">1.2.5.3</a>	Non-Volkswagen badge	
<a href="#">1.2.6</a>	Recommendations for vehicle storage	
<a href="#">1.2.7</a>	Compliance with environmental rules and regulations	
<a href="#">1.2.8</a>	Recommendations for inspection, maintenance and repair	
<a href="#">1.2.9</a>	Accident prevention	
<a href="#">1.2.10</a>	Quality system	
<a href="#">1.3</a>	Planning bodies	
<a href="#">1.3.1</a>	Selecting the basic vehicle	
<a href="#">1.3.2</a>	Vehicle modifications	
<a href="#">1.3.2.1</a>	Modifications to the underbody area of the high-voltage battery and the drive	
<a href="#">1.3.2.2</a>	Body side panels	
<a href="#">1.3.2.3</a>	Electrical system	
<a href="#">1.3.3</a>	Vehicle acceptance	
<a href="#">1.4</a>	Special equipment	
<a href="#">2</a>	Technical data for planning	

Chapter no.	Chapter heading	Scope of change
2.1	Basic vehicle	
2.1.1	Vehicle dimensions	
2.1.1.1	Basic data for ID. Buzz Cargo	
2.1.1.2	Overhang and breakover angle of ID. Buzz Cargo	
2.1.1.3	Basic data for ID. Buzz	
2.1.1.4	Overhang and breakover angle of ID. Buzz	
2.2	Running gear	
2.2.1	Permitted weights and kerb weights	
2.2.1.1	One-sided weight distribution	
2.2.2	Turning circle	
2.2.3	Approved tyre sizes	
2.2.4	Modifications to axles	
2.2.5	Modifications to the steering system	
2.2.6	Brake system and brake control system	
2.2.6.1	General information	
2.2.6.2	Routing additional lines along the brake hoses/brake lines	
2.2.7	Modification of springs, suspension mounting, dampers	
2.2.8	Wings and wheel housings	
2.3	Body-in-white	
2.3.1	Roof loads	
2.3.1.1	Dynamic roof loads	
2.3.1.2	Static roof loads	
2.3.2	Modifications to the body-in-white	
2.3.2.1	Bolted connections	
2.3.2.2	Welding work	
2.3.2.3	Welded connections	
2.3.2.4	Selection of welding process	
2.3.2.5	Resistance spot welding	
2.3.2.6	Shielding gas plug welding	
2.3.2.7	Tacking	
2.3.2.8	Welding is not allowed	
2.3.2.9	Corrosion protection after welding	
2.3.2.10	Corrosion protection measures	
2.3.2.11	Planning measures	
2.3.2.12	Component design measures	
2.3.2.13	Coating measures	
2.3.2.14	Work on the vehicle	
2.4	Interior	
2.4.1	Modifications in the area of airbags	
2.4.2	Modifications in the area of seats	
2.4.2.1	Belt anchors	
2.4.3	Forced ventilation vent	
2.4.4	Acoustic insulation	
2.4.5	eCall Emergency System	
2.4.6	Aerial concept	
2.5	Electrical / electronic systems	

Chapter no.	Chapter heading	Scope of change
<a href="#">2.5.1</a>	Lighting	
<a href="#">2.5.1.1</a>	Vehicle lighting systems	
<a href="#">2.5.1.2</a>	Adjusting headlights	
<a href="#">2.5.2</a>	Electrical system	
<a href="#">2.5.2.1</a>	Electrical wiring/fuses/in reference to the 12-V electrical system	
<a href="#">2.5.2.2</a>	Additional circuits	
<a href="#">2.5.2.3</a>	Fuse carrier with emergency cut-out connection	
<a href="#">2.5.2.4</a>	Electromagnetic compatibility	
<a href="#">2.5.2.5</a>	Mobile communication systems	
<a href="#">2.5.2.6</a>	CAN bus	
<a href="#">2.5.3</a>	Electrical interface for special vehicles	
<a href="#">2.5.3.1</a>	General information on the interface for special vehicles	Chapter updated
<a href="#">2.5.3.2</a>	Electrical interface for special vehicles/electrical terminal strip IS1	
<a href="#">2.5.3.3</a>	Customer-specific functional control unit (CFCU) PR no. IS2	
<a href="#">2.5.3.3.1</a>	Installation position in the vehicle	
<a href="#">2.5.4</a>	Vehicle battery – 12-V vehicle electrical system battery	
<a href="#">2.5.4.1</a>	Inverter with 230-V indoor socket	
<a href="#">2.5.5</a>	Driver assist systems	
<a href="#">2.5.5.1</a>	Parking aids	
<a href="#">2.5.6</a>	Earth points	
<a href="#">2.6</a>	Battery and drive for electric vehicle	
<a href="#">2.6.1</a>	High-voltage system	
<a href="#">2.6.2</a>	High-voltage battery charging	
<a href="#">2.7</a>	Add-ons/units	
<a href="#">2.7.1</a>	Roof carriers	
<a href="#">2.7.2</a>	Towing brackets	
<a href="#">2.7.2.1</a>	Maximum trailer weights	
<a href="#">2.7.2.2</a>	Retrofitting a towing bracket	
<a href="#">2.8</a>	Raising the vehicle	
<a href="#">3</a>	Modifications to closed bodies	
<a href="#">3.1</a>	Interior	
<a href="#">3.1.1</a>	Safety features	
<a href="#">3.1.2</a>	Retrofitting and permanent removal of standard seats in the passenger compartment	
<a href="#">3.1.2.1</a>	Seat-occupied recognition system	
<a href="#">3.1.2.2</a>	Installation of aftermarket product seats or use of standard seats deviating from the standard seating	
<a href="#">3.1.3</a>	Changes to the roof of the ID. Buzz / ID. Buzz Cargo	
<a href="#">3.1.4</a>	Subsequent roof cut-outs	
<a href="#">3.1.5</a>	Side wall cut-outs	
<a href="#">3.1.6</a>	Subsequent installation of windows	
<a href="#">3.1.7</a>	Modifying the partition wall/forced ventilation	
<a href="#">3.1.8</a>	Lashing rails	
<a href="#">3.1.8.1</a>	Retrofitting lashing rails	
<a href="#">3.1.9</a>	Universal floor	
<a href="#">3.1.10</a>	Shelf installation / workshop installations	

Chapter no.	Chapter heading	Scope of change
3.1.11	Areas for ventilation in the floor panel	
4	Implementations of special bodies	
4.1	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons with disabilities (KMP)	
4.1.1	Basic vehicle equipment	
4.1.2	Notes on installing manual operating devices for the foot brake	
4.1.3	Deactivating the airbag/belt tensioner system	
5	Technical data	
5.1	Build dimension drawings	
5.2	Diagrams (foil templates)	
5.3	Current flow diagrams	
5.4	CAD models	
6	Weights (masses)	
7	Notes on homologation of equipping and conversions	
7.1	Availability with complete Certificate of Conformity* ex works	
8	List of changes	Updated
Last page	Address, mailroom slot	



# Converter guidelines

## The ID. Buzz

Converter guidelines

Subject to change without notice

July 2025 edition

Internet:

<https://www.volkswagen-nutzfahrzeuge.de>

<https://www.customized-solution.com>

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